The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 10. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1899. NO. 43

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 29, 1898.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8.30	12 25	4 35
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly P M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.50	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.15	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.35	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.07	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.27	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.08	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.27	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h	¾	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	7.04	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.23	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.40	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58, p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2 00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	Dly P.M.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly. P. M.
Pittsburg		2.50	8.00		12.45	4.30
Altoona.....	5.00	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.50	9.05
Bellwood.....	5.12	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.04	9.19
Tyrone	5.24	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.20	9.33
Birmingham .	5.28	7.53	g	2.40	6.24	
Petersburg ...	5 45	8.17		3.03	6.47	
Huntingdon....	5.57	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.00	10.12
Mapleton, ...	6.11	8.47		3.35	7.15	
Mt. Union.....	6.16	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.21	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6.21	8.58		3.47	7.26	
McVeytown....	6.37	9.15		4.08	7.44	
Lewiston Jc....	6.58	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.06	11.16
Mifflin.....	7.18	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.26	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.22	9.59		5.00	8.31	
Thompsontown	7.37	10.14		5.18	8.47	
Millerstown. ...	7.46	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport	7.55	10.32	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon.	8.20	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.33	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.38	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.50	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6.57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3.11	6.00	9.45		
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15	10.55		
Phila.....11.48	11.52	*3.00	6.23	10.20		4.30
New York 2.13	2.23	*5.53	9.30	3.53		7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6,52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6,00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.40, 10.20 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.05 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg., No. 5.	NORTH. Mail, No. 3	NORTH. Mail, No. 1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M.	p m.	a. m.
7 22	1 07	6 20	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
7 34	1 19	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
7 46	1 31	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 14	1 59	7 10	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 22	2 07	7 17	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
8 34	2 19	7 29	*Beersville	10 15	5 07	5 42
8 49	2 34	7 43	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 50	8 00	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	3 00	8 08	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 21	8 28	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Beersville 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 3.10 p. m., Beersville 3.22, Three Springs 3.34, Saltillo 3.41, Cole's 4.06, Cook's 4.18, arrive at Robertsdale 4.30 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12.	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No. 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap Stair	6 55	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Jan. 22—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—A student's prayer.—Ps. xix, 1-14. (A meeting for the day of prayer for colleges.)

The day of prayer for colleges may well be observed by the Christian Endeavor organization. Many Endeavorers are in college subject to the peculiar temptations of college life. They need and want our special prayers. The present is particularly opportune for this observance, because recently a great religious movement has been begun in our colleges and universities. The trend of college thought and life today as never before is toward religion, and the Christian religion. It is one of the most hopeful signs of the times that the educated young men of our country are turning more and more toward religion. The proofs of it are flourishing college Young Men's Christian associations, the wonderful students' volunteer movement and great interest on the part of thousands of students in general religious services and work. These facts are matters of great rejoicing and thanksgiving and invite our earnest, united prayers for their continuance, under the richest blessing of God.

The prayer of the Nineteenth Psalm may well be called a student's prayer. It is the prayer of one who was himself a student, and the petitions contained in it are particularly applicable to students. The writer is a student both of nature and of the revealed word of God. He sees the glory of God revealed in the heavens, the firmament, day and night and in the sun. This knowledge has come from study. He has also studied the revealed law of God, and has seen its beauty and its utility.

The petitions of this psalm are also peculiarly adaptable to students in our colleges and universities, away from home surroundings and influences and cultivating the intellectual side of man. For these things we may well pray for all students.

1. The first petition is for cleansing from secret faults. "Cleanse Thou me from secret faults" (verse 12). College life abounds in temptation to "secret faults." The boy who at home has kept nothing from parents finds it so easy to do many things which he would not have them know. There is a temptation to deceive professors in recitations and in examinations. Let us pray earnestly that our young men at college may be delivered from "secret faults."

2. The second petition is for deliverance from presumptuous sins. "Keep back Thy servant also from presumptuous sins. Let them not have dominion over me." College life breeds presumptuousness. What the undergraduate does not know, in his own opinion, is not worth knowing. It is a scholastic presumptuousness that leads to skepticism and even to atheism. Pray that our students be delivered from sins of presumption.

3. The third petition asks for acceptableness of words and thoughts. How important that educated and intelligent men and women should think and speak only things acceptable to God. Their thoughts and words have increased weight because of their learning, and for this reason we should utter this petition of this prayer.

Bible Readings.—Lev. iv, 1-3; Num. xv, 30; Deut. vi, 6-9; xvii, 12; I Sam. xv, 1-26; II Sam. vi, 6, 7; II Kings xx, 1-6; Ps. li, 15; xc, 8; Math. vi, 5-15; Luke xviii, 1-14; Col. iv, 2-6; I Tim. ii, 1-4; II Pet. ii, 9, 10.

Be Still and Know That I Am God.

God takes no pleasure in pain or sorrow, but He will impose both if thereby He may bring us to love Him or make us more like Himself. At such a time it is selfish, unbelieving, to complain and murmur—very wicked to find fault with God. There are medicines which, taken with wisdom and in moderation, baffle disease and restore health; but abused, they weaken and destroy. So with sickness and sorrow, as we please to use them. To some they are what God means them for all, a savor of life unto life; to others, a savor of death unto death. At such a time it is only wise to be very considerate, very humble, very submissive.—Lutheran Observer.

Peace.

There is a peace that cometh after sorrow,
Of hope surrendered, not of hope fulfilled;
A peace that looketh not upon tomorrow,
But calmly on a tempest that is stilled;

A peace that lives not now in joy's excesses
Nor in the happy life of love secure,
But in the unerring strength the heart possesses
Of conflicts won while learning to endure;

A peace there is in sacrifice secluded,
A life subdued, from will and passion free,
'Tis not the peace that over Eden brooded,
But that which triumphed in Gethsemane.

—American Friend

MOUNT UNION.

B. F. Ewing, of McVeytown, was the guest of friends in town on Sunday.

Miss Mame Cowden, of Altoona, was a visitor at the residence of C. E. Hart on Sunday.

Jno. C. Appleby, secretary of the DeFrehn Chair Co., is confined to his home with pneumonia.

Richard Kiel and wife rejoiced in the advent of a young Miss Kiel, who arrived on Friday night.

The protracted meeting in the M. E. Church is progressing with five seekers and increased interest.

Robt. Yocum and J. M. Newell attended the inauguration of Gov. Stone in Harrisburg on Tuesday.

W. E. Kough, who has been housed for a week or ten days past with the grip is able to be about again.

The new P. R. R. station is rapidly nearing completion, and will be ready for occupancy inside the next thirty days.

Bert King, of this place, has accepted a position as brakeman on the Reading railway, with headquarters at Harrisburg.

On account of an increase in orders at the chair factory, the employees began working ten hours per day on Monday last.

William Jamison and F. B. Davis, of this place, will serve at the county capitol as jurors, at the next term of court in February.

Frank Both moved last week from the property on Shirley street, corner of Jefferson, to the R. A. DeFrehn property on Water street.

E. K. Rogers, of this place, was summoned to Huntingdon on Saturday, by the serious illness of his son Robert, who is very ill with pneumonia.

The recent cold weather has made it possible for those who put up ice to gather a sufficient quantity of a good quality, nearly ten inches thick.

Thos. W. Pyles has begun the erection of a neat and commodious porch on the Pennsylvania avenue side of his Juniata hotel, which adds much to its appearance.

The merry jingle of the sleigh bells has been interfered with somewhat by a warm spell, which lasted for a day or two last week during which much of the snow was converted into slush and water.

Mrs. Geo. R. Smawley and Mrs. Dr. G. W. Thompson, who have been very ill recently with pneumonia and grip, respectively, are much improved and hopes are entertained for their speedy recovery.

J. Harry Thompson, who was summoned here a week or ten days ago, on account of the serious illness and subsequent death of his father, the late Dr. Geo. W. Thompson, returned to his home in Salina, Kan., on Monday.

It is rumored about town that the parties from Pittsburg, who quarried and shipped ganister stone last summer from Jack's narrows, west of town, will locate their fire brick manufactory in this place, if suitable inducements are offered by our citizens. We hope the rumor will materialize and that the industry may be added to our already deficient list of opportunities.

The maxim which is said to be Mr. Edison's guide in all his inventive works is, "A man who can do something useful which no one else can do can get a lot for doing it." Think it over well, my boy, in getting yourself ready for your life work. Don't select for your field of work the one that is crowded with expert workers.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold at B. O'Connor & Sons.

Right Your Blunder Now.

Of course the boys and girls who never make mistakes do not need to trouble themselves about the best time to right a blunder. It saves a great deal of trouble always to be in the right. But as a matter of fact we do not often meet with young people of whom this is true. If we did, we are inclined to think that we should be afraid of them.

Suppose we admit, to start with, that we are likely to make blunders. Then the question arises as to the best time to right them. Most of us prefer to put this off as long as we can. To admit to ourselves that we have been mistaken is very much easier than to admit the same truth to some one else.

Sometimes in working out an example in mathematics you make a little blunder at the very beginning. When is the better time to correct the mistake; immediately or by and by, after you have finished the problem? "Why, right away," you cry, opening your eyes; "unless that is corrected all the rest of our work will be wrong."

Try to be as sensible about other blunders. Nothing will go as it should while wrongs remain unrighted. If you have said an unkind thing, do not wait till to-morrow or next week to ask forgiveness. Speak out quickly before your words have had time to make a sore spot in the heart of another. Right your blunder not by and by but now.—*Ex.*

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at B. O'Connor & Sons.

An exchange says: The latest and most novel use for old newspapers that has come to our notice occurred yesterday when a gentleman stepped into this office and purchased 100 or more to feed his hens. He tears the paper into shreds and soaks it in sour milk until the whole mass becomes a pulp, when he feeds it to the hens, and he claims that it adds greatly to their egg producing qualities. The newspaper has gradually extended its field of usefulness. From food for thought, it has expanded until within its sphere is already included food for goats and hens.

When you ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve don't accept a counterfeit or imitation. There are more cases of Piles being cured by this, than all others combined. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

What is commonly known as heart disease is frequently an aggravated form of Dyspepsia. Like all other diseases resulting from Indigestion, it can be cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

The government is beginning to pay pension claims on account of sickness, wounds, and death resulting from the war in Cuba. What Uncle Sam's obligations were already on account of the civil war appears from the report of the commissioner of pensions. The total number of pensioners now on the rolls is 1,040,356. This is the first time that the total has been above a million names. There were nearly 64,000 original claims granted last year, and about 4,000 restorations to the list. The disbursements during the fiscal year 1898 amounted to $144,651,879.

CALIFORNIA.

Extraordinary Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

America is a great country. In variety and grandeur of natural scenery it is unrivaled. To traverse it, to behold its diversities and its wonders, is a liberal education, a revelation to the immured metropolitan citizen. The Personally-Conducted Tour to California under the direction of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which leaves on February 9, affords a most excellent opportunity to view the vast variety and boundless beauty of this marvelous land. The party will travel over the *entire route* in the model Pullman train of smoking, dining, sleeping and observation cars exhibited at the World's Fair, Chicago, and subsequently at Atlanta, Nashville and Omaha. This train will be placed in service for the first time on this occasion, and will be in charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon who will look after all details of the trip, as well as the individual welfare of members of the party. Stops will be made at Mammoth Cave, New Orleans during Mardi Gras Carnival, El Paso, Los Angeles, San Diego, Redlands, Riverside, Pasadena, Santa Barbara, Monterey, Del Monte, Santa Cruz, Mount Hamilton, Menlo Park, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Glenwood Springs, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Garden of the Gods, Denver and Chicago. Nineteen days will be spent in California. Round-trip rate, *including all necessary expenses during entire trip*, $400 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg; $395 from Pittsburg. For itinerary and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-11 3t

When you have eaten too much, or when you suffer from any form of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, remember that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It cures the worst forms of Dyspepsia. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

MILL CREEK.

W. D. Colabine and Washington Hall are on the sick list.

Miss Bessie Eby visited friends in Petersburg last week.

Mrs. Chas. Fultz and the family of T. J. Maley are all afflicted with grip.

A. M. Menold went to Ebensburg on Monday to see his mother who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLaughlin left for their home at Wooster, Ohio, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cairns, of Philadelphia, paid a visit to grandmother Holler during the week.

Did any one outside our town hear the rumor that we had a case of small pox here? Well, it was only a joke.

Mrs. C. Simpson, who has been visiting her old home during the past two or three months left for her western home on Tuesday.

Dr. Maclaren well says of one of the lessons of Gladstone's life: "Many young men make an easy reputation for cleverness and advanced thought by the short and simple process of disbelieving what their mothers told them. But here was a man, probably as big as they are, and with as keen an intellect, who clung to the cross, and had for his favorite hymn 'Rock of Ages.'"

Soothing, healing, cleansing. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the implacable enemy of sores, burns and wounds. It never fails to cure Piles. You may rely upon it. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

A Western inventor has patented a wagon which will turn around in a small space, the reach being double and X shape, with the ends attached to the axles by hinges, so that when one end of the forward axle is pulled ahead it draws the opposite end of the rear axle with it, until they are at an angle of 90 degrees or over.

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, the pill that makes life longer and better and wiser. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

If I could destroy to-morrow the desire for strong drink in the people of England, what changes should we see! We sould see our taxes reduced by millions sterling. We should see our jails and workhouses empty. We should see more lives saved in twelve months than are consumed in a century of bitter and savage war.—*Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.*

EUROPE STORM SWEPT.

Many Lives Lost and Widespread Devastation Caused by Gales.

WINDS WROUGHT TERRIBLE RUIN

Portsmouth, Southampton and Folkstone, England, Suffer From the Storm's Fury—The Thames Overflows—A Train Dashes Into the Sea—Lives Lost and Property Destroyed in Vienna

LONDON (By Cable).—Widespread devastation on land and sea has been the result of the storm which raged here and along the coast a few days ago, and the aggregate losses of property are immense. Friday evening reports told of dismantled houses, overflowing rivers, inundated streets and fields, buildings flooded, cattle and sheep drowned, railroads disorganized, and disasters to life and limb from falling debris.

London's parks and buildings have suffered heavily. The Thames overflowed along the upper reaches, with serious loss to the dwellers on the banks.

Most of the coast towns have suffered severely. Promenades have been swept by the sea and harbors and piers damaged. Parts of Southampton were under water. In many parts of Portsmouth boats were employed in the main streets to take the school children home.

Three men who were returning from a funeral near Castle Island, Ireland, were lifted by the wind, hurled into a pit, and killed.

While the storm was at its height a train near Llanfairfechan, Wales, dashed into the sea, owing to the fact that the tracks were washed away. The fireman and the engineer were drowned. Folkestone Pier and station have been almost demolished.

VIENNA, Austria (By Cable).—A furious gale swept over this city with frightful results. Many windows in shop fronts were blown in and falling slates and chimneys made walking on the streets dangerous. In its exposed parts the city looks as if it had been subjected to a bombardment. Men were blown under vehicles and killed, while others were carried into the Danube and drowned.

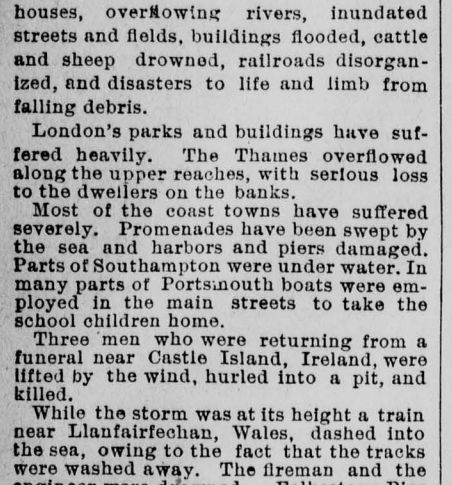
BRUSSELS, Belgium (By Cable).—The wind blew with terrific violence here a few days ago. A number of villas in the suburbs were blown down, and the signal boxes along the railways were prostrated.

BERLIN (By Cable).—A violent storm prevailed in northern and western Germany. In the southern part of the country there were thunderstorms accompanied by torrential downpours of rain.

CONGRESSMAN DINGLEY DEAD.

The Republican Leader in the House Succumbs to Heart Failure.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Nelson Dingley, of Maine, leader of the Republican side on the floor of the House of Representatives and representing the Second Congressional District of Maine in that body, died here Friday at 10.30 o'clock of heart failure resulting from extreme weakness due to double pneumonia.



CONGRESSMAN NELSON DINGLEY.

There were present only the two sons of Mr. Dingley and the nurses, with Dr. Deale. Mrs. and Miss Dingley, who had been unremitting in their attendance upon and care of husband and father, were, for the moment, resting in the room of Representative and Mrs. Russell, adjoining their own. For a week Mr. Dingley had been unconscious, save at brief intervals, and death came painlessly and almost imperceptibly.

Nelson Dingley, Jr., came of sturdy New England stock, the first American Dingley having come to Massachusetts in 1638. Nearly all the Dingleys were traders, farmers or blacksmiths. He was a year old when his parents moved to Parkman to farm for a short time, and then run a tavern and store. At seventeen he was the teacher of a school at China, fourteen miles from Auburn, his home. He entered Waterville College in 1851, and a year and a half later became a student at Dartmouth, where he was graduated with high rank as a scholar, debater and writer.

After graduation he studied law for a year in the office of Morrill & Fessenden, Auburn, and was admitted to the bar. He purchased the Lewiston Journal in September, 1856. The Journal was then a weekly paper. When the war began the paper was made a daily, and Mr. Dingley was elected to the Maine Legislature.

He was re-elected to the Legislature in 1862 and 1863, and in the latter year, when but thirty-one years old, was made Speaker of the House. Removing the Lewiston, he was elected again to the Legislature and re-elected Speaker. He was the Republican leader on the floor of the House in 1866, 1868 and 1873. In 1873 he was elected Governor. He was re-elected in 1874, and in the next year declined a renomination.

In the Fifty-fifth Congress Dingley was appointed Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and the new tariff law took his name. For a while it was thought certain that he would be appointed Secretary of the Treasury in President McKinley's Cabinet. Mr. Dingley was married on June 11, 1857, to Miss Salome McKenney, of Auburn, Me. They had six children.

CYCLING NOTES.

The National Cycle Board of Trade has gone out of existence.

A substitute for enamel for bicycle frames is found in celluloid veneer.

The total exportations of bicycles during 1898 were $6,846,529, an increase of $706,685 over 1897.

An automatic governor for bicycles, to assist the rider in maintaining his equilibrium, has been patented.

In Adelaide, Australia, the police department saves upwards of $4000 annually by mounting its men on bicycles instead of horses.

Cycle shows will be held in Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Syracuse, Detroit and other cities this year, as well as in New York and Chicago.

In future all private members of the National Cyclists' Union will be insured for $250 at death and $5 a week for five weeks in case of accident.

It is said that English life insurance companies now include the significant question: "Do you use a brake on your cycle?" in their cyclist's application blanks.

It is said that the German cycle market is overstocked to the amount of some 175,000 wheels of '98 production, and throat-cutting is an inevitable retail consequence.

Notwithstanding the attempts of German manufacturers to have the duty on American bicycles increased, it has been practically settled that the German Government will not increase the duty.

To render a saddle soft and easy, a simple method is to rub a few drops of castor oil thoroughly into the under side of the leather. Too much should not be used, as the leather will soak it up and damage the clothes.

Chains of short pitch and narrow width are increasing in popularity in England. Though, until now, they have used wider chains than were in favor here, they seem to be going to the other extreme and are adopting 5-32-inch and even ⅛-inch.

More than 2200 riders in the amateur ranks alone raced in various competitions during 1898, under the sanction of the League of American Wheelmen, on no'less than 1980 different tracks. This is almost double the number that competed in 1897.

It is said that certain American pacemakers have threatened to do injury to any motocyle-pacing machine which comes within their reach when nobody's looking. Six men will be employed in '99 for pacing one man in an hour race, where thirty-two were employed in '98, and the six men need be employed but for the day.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Secretary Hay is a Presbyterian.

The Prince of Wales has completely recovered from the severe accident which he met with in July.

Emperor William himself designed the costumes in which the Empress was arrayed during her visit in Palestine.

Paul Villars, the clever correspondent in London of the Paris Figaro, has received the order of the Legion d'Honneur.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, is regarded as one of the best whist players in Boston, but his favorite game is chess.

Vice-Admiral Sir Harry H. Rawson is the new commander of the British Channel squadron. He is the youngest officer of his rank in the navy.

The Grand Duke Nicholas, who has been the Sultan's guest, is said to have the longest neck of any prince in Europe. It is almost of giraffe dimensions.

Attorney-General John W. Griggs has been chosen to deliver the oration at the annual commencement exercises of the Yale Law School in June next.

The Duke of York is a most devoted father. He never tires of answering Prince Edward's many questions, and more often than not has a new toy in his pocket.

Ali Ferrouh Bey, the new Turkish minister at Washington, is an enthusiastic amateur photographer. He has taken many pictures since he came to this country.

Dr. Schweninger, who won fame and fortune through Prince Bismarck, has accepted the headship of a big hospital which is being built in Steglitz. He will open a college of medicine in connection with the hospital.

Admiral Schley is a grandnephew, on his father's side, of the famous Admiral Parkhurst, of the English navy, and on his mother's side is descended from Francis Scott Key, who wrote the "Star Spangled Banner," in Baltimore harbor, September 12, 1814.

The late Senator Morrill, though he probably took up less space in the Congressional Record than any of his colleagues, always made a speech early in the session, sent a copy bound in Russia leather to every Senator and a paper-bound copy to every voter in Vermont.

Mayor Samuel M. Jones, of Toledo, Ohio, is known as the "Golden Rule Mayor." He owns a big factory in which the employes work but eight hours a day and enjoy numerous holidays. The only rule he has posted up is: "Do unto others as if you were the others."

THE LABOR WORLD.

The employes of the Public Works Department in Pittsburgh, Penn., are to be uniformed.

There is an ordinance requiring the union label on all printing matter for Kansas City, Kan.

The headquarters of the Barbers' International Union will be removed from Syracuse, N. Y., to Cleveland, Ohio, February 1.

The Typographical Union label appeared upon all the ballots used in the special school bond election in Kansas City, Kan.

Vice-Chancellor Emery, of New Jersey, has granted an injunction restraining a Newark cigar dealer from using counterfeits of the Cigarmakers' Union label.

The Chicago Building Trades Council has begun an agitation for a Saturday half-holiday for all the members of its twenty-seven affiliated trades.

A request has been sent to all labor unions throughout the United States and Canada to send copies of their reports to Columbus University, New York City, for its library.

There are about 1000 churches in New York City. Of this number about three-fourths hire singers. The total number which they employ is not far from 3000.

The strike in the Rhenish velvet district has spread to Crefeld, Germany. The weavers in eight factories have struck in Eupen. About 6000 men are affected.

The Chicago Amalgamated Woodworkers' Council announces that fifty-five of sixty-one woodworking establishments have signed their agreement as to the hours and wages.

The Chandler mine, at Ely, Minn., has announced a ten per cent. advance in wages, bringing the schdule up to the highest ever paid in the lake regions. A similar raise will be made in all mines on the Vermillion range, and will make a difference of $10,000 on monthly pay rolls.

MILES CALLED A LIAR.

Commissary-General Eagan's Attack Upon the Army's Commander.

BAD BEEF CHARGES THE CAUSE.

General Eagan Tells the War Investigators That the Head of the Military Forces is a Wilful and Malicious Liar—A Prepared Attack Upon General Miles—He Defends His Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special)—.Brigadier-General Charles P. Eagan, Commissary-General of Subsistence, created a sensation before the War Investigation Commission on Wednesday in answering the accusations against the character of refrigerated beef furnished to the troops in the war. General Eagan made a personal attack on Major-General Miles, calling him a liar over and over again. He said, in effect, that General Miles was not fit to associate with decent people, and that either General Miles or himself must get out of the army. General Eagan read his testimony from typewritten manuscript. It had been carefully prepared and was read with passionate fervor.

At one time General Eagan said of General Miles: "He lies in his throat, he lies in his heart, he lies in every hair of his head and every pore of his body; he lies wilfully, deliberately, intentionally and maliciously." At another time he said: "If his statement is false, as I assert it to be, then he should be drummed out of the service and incarcerated in prison with other libellers."

The causes which led up to this explosion of wrath and indignation are of recent date. General Miles has charged the Commissary Department with furnishing "embalmed beef" and decaying canned meat for the army in Porto Rico in the war with Spain. Since Miles made his assertions there has been a procession of witnesses testifying, and only few to substantiate the statement of the commanding general of the United States forces.

At the close of Commissary-General Eagan's testimony given before the War Investigating Commission a newspaper correspondent called upon General Miles, who, after reading slowly the pertinent parts of the testimony said: "The testimony I gave was given on statements made by my officers and soldiers by thousands. I believe those statements, and I simply wish to be considered on the side of the soldiers. I shall continue to do whatever I can to maintain their integrity and protect their honor and welfare. That is my duty as well as my pleasure."

Should General Miles decide to take notice officially of the attack, the next step would be for him to prefer charges with the President against the Commissary General. These might be based on several technical grounds, such, for instance, as "conduct tending to the destruction of good order and discipline." It would be for the President to pass upon the demand, and he might adopt one of three courses, i. e., refuse it; grant it; or, instead, order a court of inquiry. In this latter case the body would have power to go into the question of veracity which has been raised, and, in fact, the conduct of both Generals would be practically under examination.

General Eagan's Statement Returned.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The War Investigation Commission on Friday sent the statement incorporating General Eagan's testimony back to him, with the privilege of re-submitting it if he chooses to revise its language.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW FOR SENATOR.

He Receives the Unanimous Caucus Nomination of the New York Republicans.

ALBANY, N. Y. (Special).—Chauncey M. Depew was unanimously chosen as the candidate of the Republican party for United States Senator at a joint legislative caucus held in the Assembly chamber Thursday night.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

The caucus was called to order by Senator Ellsworth, Chairman of the Senate Caucus Committee, who named Senator Hobart Krum for Chairman of the joint session. Senator Nathaniel A. Elsberg, of the Fifteenth District, in which Mr. Depew resides, was then recognized by the Chair who presented Mr. Depew's name. Senator Wilcox, of Auburn, seconded the nomination and moved that the Secretaries be directed to cast one ballot for Mr. Depew as the candidate of the party for United States Senator. The motion was carried unanimously and Mr. Depew was declared the nominee of the caucus.

NEW YORK BANKERS ARRESTED.

Charged With Certifying a Big Check With No Funds to Its Credit.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—James Macnaughton, former president of the Tradesmen's National Bank, and Allan Macnaughton, president of the Wool Exchange, and one of the directors of the Tradesmen's National Bank, were arrested on Wednesday by United States Commissioner Shields.

They were charged with violating the Revised Statutes by certifying a check drawn on the Tradesmen's National Bank to the order of the United States Trust Company for $510,000, when the trust company had no funds in the bank to its credit.

Both pleaded not guilty, and demanded an examination. They were held in $25,000 bail. Both men gave bail.

UTAH MURDERER FOUND OUT.

Mrs. Wright, of Gouverneur, Accuses Her Husband of a Triple Crime.

GOUVERNEUR, N. Y. (Special).—Sheriff George A. Storrs, of Utah County, Utah, left here a few days ago, accompanied by Mrs. Jennie Wright. They are en route to Utah in an endeavor to clear up a murder mystery and, if possible, to free a man from a life sentence.

At the Pelican Point Ranch, Utah, in 1895, three young men were shot down one night in their ranch house. The stepfather of one of the boys, a man named Haynes, had had trouble with the men, and was charged with the crime. The bodies were found sunk in Utah Lake and the premises they had occupied were looted. Haynes was convicted on circumstantial evidence and was sentenced to be hanged, but before the date of execution a stay was secured and the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

A short time after the crime a man of the name of George W. Wright, the husband of Mrs. Jennie Wright, left that locality and visited various parts of the West, finally drifting to Freshwater, Cal. He was a graduate of Kalamazoo Law College, and a skilled surveyor. One morning a man with whom Wright was at odds was found shot to pieces in his cabin. Wright assisted at the Coroner's inquest, and wrote out the verdict of "murder by a person unknown." Later Wright became involved in a questionable sheep deal, and, after being arrested, jumped his bail and fled. He visited his wife at her parents' home here and then disappeared.

After he left the West evidence of a positive character relating to the murder at Freshwater was found against Wright, and after working on the case for over a year the authorities elicited a confession from Mrs. Wright to the effect that her husband had goods which figured in the Pelican Point murders. Mrs. Wright is now willing to testify against her husband for the triple crime, providing he can be caught. She says her lips have previously been sealed through fear of him,

SENATOR HOAR ON EXPANSION.

He Inaugurates the Fight Against the Policy in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Senator George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts, leader of the anti-expansionists, inaugurated the fight against the peace treaty in his speech before the Senate on Monday.

Speaking on the Vest resolution, which declares that no power is given the Federal Government to acquire territory to be held and governed permanently as colonies, the Senator from Massachusetts made an elaborate argument against expansion, against acquiring the Philippines, and indirectly against the ratification of the treaty of peace.

The principal points on which Senator Hoar based his speech were:

1. That there was no constitutional power to acquire colonies.

2. That the acquirement of territory in the eastern hemisphere would mean the shattering of the Monroe Doctrine, because it would force us to concede to all powers the right to acquire territory in this hemisphere.

3. That every lesson of experience was a warning against attempting to administer laws in a tropical colony.

4. Acquisition would mean diminished wages for the workman and an increase in the burden of taxation.

5. It would be against the code of morality adopted by the United States, which opposes acquiring imperial powers or imperial regions by conquest.

FIRE ON A DUCK FARM.

Over a Thousand Breeding Ducks and Over a Thousand Chickens Destroyed.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—Fire destroyed the incubator and engine houses on Patrick MacAvoy's duck farm, three miles from Trenton, in Ewing Township, a few days ago. Over a thousand white Pekin ducks, which MacAvoy was saving for breeding purposes, were burned. Nearly a thousand chickens were destroyed, besides twelve cows, several calves, eighteen large incubators, and a large quantity of turnips and potatoes. The loss will reach about $25,000. MacAvoy raises ducks for the New York market. His season closed with the holidays, and he had few besides breeding ducks on hand.

Before engaging in the duck business MacAvoy kept a dairy farm. His large barns and nearly all his cows were destroyed by fire about nine years ago. The origin of this fire is a mystery, as there had been no fire in the incubator house where the flames were discovered.

AN ELECTRICAL EXECUTION.

Bailer Decker Put to Death at Sing Sing For Wife-Murder.

SING SING, N. Y. (Special). — Bailer Decker, a negro, was executed in the electric chair here Monday morning. There were two shocks. At 11.22 o'clock 1780 volts were turned on. This voltage was kept up for ten seconds and then reduced to 300 volts, which was kept up for fifty seconds. At 11.25, after Dr. Irvine had examined Decker, it was decided to administer a second shock. This was kept on at 1780 volts for two minutes, and at 11.27 Decker was pronounced dead.

Decker killed his wife, who was a white woman, near Tottenville, Staten Island, on the morning of May 25, 1898. He attempted to commit suicide, shooting himself in the abdomen, but he recovered. He was sentenced to be killed during the early part of November, but his execution was stayed by an appeal.

Suicide of a Naval Apprentice.

Archie E. Wall, formerly an apprentice on the battleship Texas, turned on five gas jets in the parlor of his boarding house in Philadelphia, Penn., a few nights ago, and went to sleep with the keyhole stuffed with paper. When found the next morning he was dead. He left notes addressed to his mother and a sweetheart, who spurned his love. He said he forgave her and loved her to the last. The girl's name is Maria Skillman. She works in a box factory. She had told Archie she did not want to see him again. Archie was twenty-one years old. His mother lives at Hummelstown, Penn.

Shocking Condition of Spanish Soldiers.

The steamship Notre Dame de Salut arrived at Barcelona, Spain, on Monday with 1100 soldiers from Havana. The men were in a shocking condition. The steamship was not large enough to furnish accommodation for the number of troops put aboard of her. Thirty-nine of them died on the passage, 360 were taken in an ambulance to the hospitals after they landed, and 1000 were taken to sanitariums. The others could hardly stand. All were fearfully emaciated.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras...$	—	@$	21
Firsts	19	@	20
Thirds to seconds	15	@	18
State—Thirds to firsts	15	@	19
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	18
Imitation Creamery	13	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	13¾	@	14
Low grades	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10⅛
Small	10¾	@	11
Part skims, good to prime	6	@	6⅛
Full skims	3⅛	@	4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	25
State and Penn—Fresh	23	@	24
Western—Choice	—	@	23
Southern—Choice	22	@	22½
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 50	@	1 52½
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 90
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 25
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 77½
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 80	@	1 85
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 30	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	90	@	92½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	2 75	@	3 75
Spy, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Grapes, Catawba, ₱ basket	10	@	15
Niagara, ₱ basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	4 50	@	7 50
Jersey, ₱ bbl	—	@	5 00
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	19
Fair to prime	15	@	18
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	—	@	19
Common to prime	13	@	18
Old odds	4	@	7
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	9½
Chickens, ₱ lb	8½	@	9
Roosters, ₱ lb	5½	@	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	40	@	60
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20	@	25
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	6	@	12
Chickens, Phila	10	@	15
Jersey	10	@	13
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	10	@	10½
Ducks, Western	4	@	8
Nearby, ₱ lb	8	@	9
Geese, Md., ₱ lb	8	@	10
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 50	@	3 00
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	60	@	65
Clover mixed	42½	@	52½
Straw—Long rye	30	@	50
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 37
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 25	@	2 50
Cabbages, ₱ 100	2 00	@	4 00
Onions, Conn. white, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 50
Red and yellow, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	5 00
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	1 00	@	4 00
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	50	@	60
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	60	@	75
Green peas, Fla., ₱ basket	1 00	@	4 00
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	6 00
String beans, ₱ crate	1 00	@	2 50
Lettuce, Fla., ₱ bbl	1 00	@	3 00
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	4	@	12
Celery, ₱ doz	5	@	40
Lima beans, ₱ bag	1 50	@	2 00
Spinach, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 75
Beets, ₱ bbl	75	@	1 00
Kale, ₱ bbl	50	@	65
Carrots, L. I., ₱ bbl	70	@	1 00
Pumpkins, ₱ bbl	—	@	50
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 15
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	78⅞
No. 2 Red	79⅛	@	80⅛
Corn—No. 2	43⅜	@	43⅝
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	35½
Track mixed	33½	@	34½
Rye—Western	64¼	@	65
State	—	@	60
Lard—City steam	5.20c	@	5.25c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	9
Calves, city dressed	8	@	12
Country dressed	7	@	10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	3 00	@	4 50
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	5 60	@	5 85
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	3 85	@	4 00
Country dressed	3¾	@	5¾

MINERAL AND METAL WEALTH.

Last Year's Production in the United States Shows Big Increase.

The Engineering and Mining Journal has issued a full statement of the mineral and metal production of the United States for 1898. From the statistics collected, it appears that the total production was $752,927,047, an increase of $55,069,723 over the previous year.

Of this total the output of gold was $64,200,000, an increase for the year of $5,500,000. In silver the production was 64,060,000 ounces, the largest ever reported, with the exception of the year 1892. The production of copper was 546,367,793 pounds, over half of which was exported to Europe. The pig-iron production was 11,712,000 tons, an increase of over two million tons.

Lead, aggregating 305,489 short tons, was turned out by the smelters, and of this 217,067 short tons were from ores mined in the United States. Zinc also shows a large increase over 1897, as do the minor products.

Figures collected show that the total production of gold in the world in 1898 was $286,218,954, an increase of $48,886,498 over the previous year.

A RAMIE DEFIBRATOR INVENTED.

It May Revolutionize the Cotton, Flax and Silk Industries.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—W. H. Packer, of this city, has invented a ramie defibrator, which is said to be a success in every particular, and will, it is believed, revolutionize the manufacture of fabrics. Other inventors, it is stated, have been at work on a machine of the same kind for the last thirty years, and, although large amounts of money have been expended and premiums have been offered by Governments, they have not been successful.

The machine can be operated by a boy and has a capacity of 400 pounds a day, against two pounds per day, which is the output of a man in China. The capacity of the machine can be increased according to requirements.

Ramie, which is grown very largely in South America and the Southern States, is a possible substitute for cotton, flax and silk. The fibre produced from it is the strongest in the world.

Iron Trade Activity.

Iron trade authorities make confident predictions of continuing activity in that industry.

COMMERCE LAW FAILS.

The Finding of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

RAILROADS CHARGE ILLEGAL RATES

The Commission Declares That the Law in Its Present Condition Cannot Be Enforced, and That a Large Part of the Railway Business of the Country is Illegally Transacted.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission was received by Congress. It reports what has been said in previous reports, that the Interstate Commerce law, in its present condition, cannot be enforced, and that until further and important legislation is enacted the best efforts at regulation must be feeble and disappointing.

"Meanwhile," the report says, "the situation has become intolerable both from the standpoint of the public and the carriers. Tariffs are disregarded, discriminations constantly occur, the price at which transportation can be obtained is fluctuating and uncertain. Railroad managers are distrustful of each other, and shippers all the while in doubt as to the rates secured by their competitors. The volume of traffic is so unusual as to frequently exceed the capacity of equipment, yet the contest for tonnage seems never relaxed. Enormous sums are spent in purchasing business and secret rates accorded far below the standard of published charges. The general public gets little benefit from these reductions, for concessions are mainly confined to the heavier shippers. All this augments the advantages of large capital and tends to the injury and often to the ruin of smaller dealers. These are not only matters of gravest consequence to the business welfare of the country, but they concern in no less degree the higher interests of public morality.

"A large part of the railway business is now transacted upon illegal rates, and in certain quarters charging the published rate is the exception. The results are gross discrimination between individuals and gross preferences between localities, which most always favor the strong and oppress the weak. Probably no one thing to-day does so much to force out the small operator and build up those trusts and monopolies, against which law and public opinion alike beat in vain, as discriminations in freight rates. A further result is that railroad business is carried on largely in conceded violation of law. This condition the present law is powerless to control. The criminal remedies have been applied and some convictions have been had, but no substantial effect has been produced and no satisfying results can be obtained from that course. The fact may be morally certain, but the name, the date, the amount, cannot be shown with the particularity and certainty required by criminal law."

The statistics of railroads for the year ending June 30 last shows a total railway mileage in the United States at that date of 184,428 miles, an increase for the year of 1651 miles. Including sidings, the total was 243,441 miles, an increase of 3315 for the twelve months. The amount of railway capital outstanding June 30 was $10,635,008,074. The number of passengers carried during the year was 489,445,198, a decrease of 22,327,539 compared with the previous year, and the tons of freight carried were 741,705,946, or 24,185,439 tons less than in 1896.

The casualties from railroad accidents resulted in 6437 deaths and 36,731 injuries of varying character; 1693 of the deaths and 27,667 of the injured being railroad employes. The report says there is no foundation for the impression that American railways are operated with greater disregard to life and limb than the railways of foreign countries. This comes, it asserts, from a different system of reporting railway accidents, the Continental roads making no returns of casualties which do not disable the employe for certain specified periods.

SKELETONS FOUND IN CUBA.

Believed the Persons Were Thrown in Wells While Alive.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—La Discusion describes the finding of fifty human skeletons near Manguito. The writer of the story asserts that these people were undoubtedly thrown in wells alive. He says that in some cases the finger bones are severed, and the supposition is that this was due to the efforts of the victims to raise themselves out of the pit. The body of Senor Pedro Alayon, a prominent Cuban, who disappeared mysteriously during the insurrection, has been identified. La Discusion accuses the guerilla chief, Antonia Reyes, Sergeant Juan Peres, and Vicente Zalgo, a schoolmaster, of being the authors of a terrible crime. All are said to be in Havana.

La Discusion prints also a story from Matanzas of the finding there of the remains of from 200 to 300 persons in wells near the headquarters of the Civil Guard.

Arms and Ammunition in a Well.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—In a well in the Spanish artillery quarters at Puerto Principe the Americans found 2000 charges for rapid-fire guns, 4000 shells, several million Mauser cartridges and many sabres and Remington rifles.

CUBANS IN HAVANA OFFICES.

Mayor Evans Appointed Superintendent of the Department of Corrections.

HAVANA, Cuba (Special).—Senor Perfecto Lacoste, who was President of the Havana Junto Patriotica has been appointed Alcalde, or Mayor of Havana by General Ludlow. Senor Lacoste is a wealthy planter and popular among all classes of Cubans.

JOHN GARY EVANS.

General Menocal, on being invited to accept the post of Chief of Police, inquired of the Executive Committee representing the Cuban Assembly, whether he ought to do so. The commission replied that it was his duty to undertake the office.

Major John Gary Evans, of the South Carolina Volunteers, former Governor of South Carolina has been appointed Superintendent of the Department of Corrections, embracing the police, the minor courts and the correctional institutions.

OUR NEW CRUISER AFLOAT.

The Albany Launched at the Armstrongs' Shipyard in England.

LONDON (By Cable).—The American cruiser Albany was successfully launched on Saturday from the yards of the Armstrongs in Elswick. She was named by Mrs. Colwell, wife of Lieutenant Colwell, naval attache to the United States Embassy. The weather was perfect. The Albany took the water like a duck. She was painted gray and displayed the American eagle at her figurehead.

Mrs. Colwell was punctual in ascending the platform reserved for her. Sir Andrew Noble, who is associated with Sir W. G. Armstrong & Co., the builders of the Albany, presented to Mrs. Colwell a bouquet of lilies and carnations tied with the American colors. Lieutenant Colwell and United States Consul Metcalf then approached to the side of Mrs. Colwell to assist in the launching of the ship.

It was a unique ceremony, inasmuch as an American warship had never before been launched abroad. Mrs. Colwell turned a miniature capstan, an ingenious contrivance, releasing a guillotine which cut the cord restraining the dogshores, whereupon the Albany, national ensigns at all of her mastheads, the Union Jack at her bow and bunting everywhere, amid a dead silence slid gracefully into the water, an unusually high tide assisting her. Then followed a deafening burst of cheering, a wild waving of flags and an incessant screeching and roaring of steamers' whistles, while Mrs. Colwell with unerring aim smashed a bottle of champagne upon the bow of the cruiser, naming her Albany. Many Americans were present, as well as the local magnates and the officers of the Japanese, Chilian, Portuguese and Chinese warships.

The Albany is a sister ship to the New Orleans, which gave an excellent account of herself in the operations off the coast of Cuba in the war with Spain. Both vessels were purchased from the Brazilian Government by the United States shortly before the outbreak of the war while being constructed at the shipyards of the Armstrongs. The New Orleans was then the Amazonas and the Albany the Admiral Breu. The Albany will carry a crew of 300 men.

BARK TURNED TURTLE.

Seventeen Men Drowned in the Andelana in Tacoma Harbor.

TACOMA, Wash. (Special).—The British bark Andelana, 2345 tons, of Nova Scotia, Captain G. W. Stailing, sank in twenty-two fathoms of water in front of the St. Paul Mill wharf, and the Captain, the mate and fifteen of the crew were drowned. The accident occurred during the night.

The vessel came in ballast from Shanghai. The ballast had been discharged, and the ship was lying at anchor waiting to be to be towed into the dock. A few nights a terrific gale raged on the bay, the wind blowing thirty-six miles an hour. Two great boom logs were placed beside Andelina, one on each side. During the gale one of the logs went adrift, causing the ship to careen and to capsize with very little warning to the crew. The vessel was entirely without ballast and the hatches were open. All on board were caught like rats in a trap and had no chance to escape. The ship simply careened over, the water flowed in the open hatches, and she sank.

A large number of the crew had been discharged, or the loss of life would have been far more appalling. The ship was to have taken on a cargo of wheat for Queenstown. Captain Stailing lived in Anapolis, N. S., and leaves a widow and three children. He is well known in this port.

ARSENIC IN OYSTER FRITTERS.

A Negro Woman Accused of Murder in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md. (Special).—Martha Bailey, colored, thirty-three years old, is locked up here, charged with the murder by poison of George W. Kiah, also colored, at Cambridge, Md. Kiah died a few days ago, under suspicious circumstances, and warrants were issued for the Bailey woman's arrest. On Friday the remaining members of Kiah's family, consisting of eight persons, were poisoned, and the next day his mother, Mary Jane Kiah, died in terrible agony.

The poison has been traced to a barrel of flour, out of which oyster fritters were made for the noonday meal. An analysis shows the presence of arsenic in large quantities. The authorities of Dorchester County assert that they have evidences that will convict the accused of the crime.

6000 KILLED AND WOUNDED.

Turks Are Victorious in a Battle With the Yemen Insurgents.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey (By Cable).—Advices received here from Hodeida, Arabia, say that a great battle was fought on November 30 at Shanel between the Turks and the Yemen insurgents.

Although the Turks were victorious, capturing the position held by the rebels, they lost 2000 men in killed and wounded. The losses of the insurgents in killed and wounded were 4000.

The advices add that the insurrection is far from being quelled, and Abdullah Pasha, the Turkish commander in Yemen, has ordered the capture of the town of Saada. As this town is held in strong force its capture will be a difficult task.

LA BOURGOGNE WAS AT FAULT.

Verdict Rendered in Favor of the Owners of the Cromartyshire.

LONDON (By Cable).—The trial of the suit of Law & Co., the owners of the steamship Cromartyshire, against the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, for damages sustained by the Cromartyshire in collision with the French liner La Bourgogne, in which the Bourgogne was sunk, was ended in the Admiralty Court a few days ago, judgment being rendered in favor of the plaintiff.

The court held that La Bourgogne was solely to blame for the disaster, her speed being excessive under the circumstances, and that the commander of the Cromartyshire did everything possible to avert a collision.

Miss Schley Ends Her Life.

Miss Anna Mary Hoke Schley, twenty-five years old, daughter of the late Colonel William Louis Schley, poet, lawyer and veteran of two wars, and second cousin of Real Admiral Schley, committed suicide a few days ago in her home at Baltimore, Md. Since the death of her father, to whom she was much attached, a month ago, Miss Schley had been inconsolable. She shot herself through the heart with one of her father's revolvers.

AMBASSADOR TO BRITAIN

The President Nominates Joseph H. Choate to Succeed John Hay.

NEW ENVOY A BRILLIANT LAWYER

President McKinley Names the Well-Known Pleader of New York City to Represent the United States Government at the Court of St. James—A Sketch of Mr. Choate's Career.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President sent to the Senate on Wednesday the nomination of Joseph H. Choate, of New York, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States to Great Britain.

Joseph Hodges Choate was born on January 24, 1832, at Salem, Mass., and is the son of Dr. George Choate. He was graduated in 1852 from Harvard College, and two years later from Harvard Law School. After a year's study in a Boston office, he was admitted in 1855 to the bar of Massachusetts. In the same year he entered the office of Scudder & Carter in New York City, but soon left and entered the office of Butler, Evarts & Southmayd. He afterwards formed a partnership with William H. Barnes, but in 1859 became a member of the firm of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, the firm being later changed to Evarts, Choate & Beaman. For the last ten years Mr. Choate has been generally acknowledged to be one of the leaders of the bar in this country. Mr. Choate's political career practically began in 1856, when he took the stump for Fremont. He was President of the State Constitutional Convention which assembled in 1894 to revise the Constitution of the State of New York. From 1867 to 1871 Mr. Choate was President of the New England Society, from 1874 to 1878 President of the Harvard Club, from 1873 to 1877 President of the Union League Club, and in 1888-1889 President of the Bar Association of New York.

JOSEPH HODGES CHOATE.
(President McKinley has nominated him Ambassador to Great Britain.)

FAVORS THE PEACE TREATY.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations Approves of It.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations on Wednesday authorized Senator Davis to report the peace treaty favorably without amendment.

The committee was in session only an hour and a greater part of this time was consumed in waiting for a quorum, the Senators meantime discussing informally the treaty provisions. Senators Cullom and Clark, who were among the absentees, sent their proxies. Senators Morgan and Gray were the only Democrats in attendance, but the other Democratic members, Senators Daniels, Mills and Turpie, had full notice of the purpose of the meeting, and they indicated no opposition to immediate action.

There was no suggestion of any amendment. Senator Davis was instructed to press the treaty to as early action as possible. The committee also authorized Senator Davis to report favorably upon the proposition to remove the injunction of secrecy.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Run Down by Express Train No. 13 Near Larimer, Penn.

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—Four persons were run down and instantly killed by express train No. 13, near Larimer station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, twenty-five miles east of Pittsburg, on Wednesday. The list of dead is: Mary Miller, Thomas Miller, Albert Wilson and Walter Brown.

On account of a freight wreck near Larimer, it was necessary to switch the westbound passenger trains to the eastbound track. The engineer blew the whistle, but the alarm was unheeded.

GANG OF MURDERERS IN PARIS.

Fourteen of the "Neuilly Band" Are Convicted and Sentenced.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—The Assize Court imposed sentences on Wednesday upon fourteen members of a gang of thirty young criminals known as the "Neuilly Band," convicted of numberless robberies, "hold-ups" and attacks upon women, and suspected of murder.

Several bodies have been found in the Seine of late of supposed victims of the band. The sentences ranged from two years to life imprisonment at hard labor. The other members of the band were acquitted.

GENERAL HAWLEY RENOMINATED.

Junior Senator From Connecticut to Have Another Term.

HARTFORD, Conn. (Special).—General Joseph R. Hawley was nominated by the Republican caucus of the Connecticut General Assembly as a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate.

SENATOR JOSEPH R. HAWLEY.

The final battle took place Wednesday afternoon, when the Republicans of the House of Representatives and the State Senate met in a joint caucus in the Representatives' Hall. The victory of General Hawley was not secured until three full hours had been consumed, and nearly all of that time was occupied in balloting. The seventh and conclusive ballot resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes cast, 198, necessary to choice, 100; Hawley, 117; Fessenden, 69; Bulkeley, 8; Russell, 4.

VERMONT SENATOR CHOSEN.

Chief Justice Ross Succeeds the Late Senator Morrill.

MONTPELIER, Vt. (Special).—Benjamin F. Fifield, to whom Governor Smith tendered the appointment of United States Senator, to succeed the late Justin S. Morrill, notified the Governor on Wednesday that, owing to family relations, he was compelled to decline the honor. The Senatorship was thereupon tendered to Jonathan Ross, of St. Johnsbury, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Vermont, and he has accepted the appointment, resigning his office of Chief Justice.

Senator Clark, of Wyoming, Renominated

CHEYENNE, Wyo. (Special).—The Republican members of the Wyoming Legislature, numbering forty-seven, held a caucus Wednesday evening, at which Senator Clarence D. Clark was unanimously selected for re-election. No other name was presented to the caucus.

Senator Bate Re-elected.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—The Senate and House met in joint convention on Wednesday and compared the vote for United States Senator. W. B. Bate, the present Senator, was declared elected for a term of six years.

DIED ON HIS WEDDING DAY.

Rudolph Darnsteadt, of Orange, N. J., Found Suffocated by Gas.

ORANGE, N. J. (Special).—Rudolph Louis Darnsteadt was to have been married to Miss Elizabeth E. Range on Wednesday night. Wednesday morning he was found dead in his room at his home at Parrow and Hickory streets. Gas escaping from a gas stove caused his death, which was purely accidental.

Mr. Darnsteadt was twenty-four years old. His father, Louis Darnsteadt, was official interpreter of the Essex County Court. The young man was proprietor of a drug store, and he lived over the store. Miss Range is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Range, of Ridgehurst Road, West Orange. The night before there was a rehearsal of the marriage ceremony at the First German Presbyterian Church, of Orange, where it was intended to have the ceremony performed.

Jail Broken Open by a Woman.

The prisoners in the jail at South Pittsburg, Tenn., planned to escape recently, but it was left for Jane Amherst, a woman convicted of larceny, to teach her male associates how to get out. A few days ago she secured an iron bar and broke the lock on her cell. She gained access to the cells of the other prisoners, smashed the locks and set the inmates at liberty. Six escaped, but the woman who set them free was caught. Four of the runaways have been captured.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds made a favorable report on a bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the erection of a building in Washington for the Department of Justice and the Court of Claims.

Mrs. Mary C. Butler, who was formerly a slave, died a few days ago at the age 100 years and 17 days.

In the Senate Senator Hoar introduced a resolution recognizing the independence of the people of the Philippines, and their right to form a government of their own, and declaring the intention of the United States to refrain from interference with such government.

The Senate passed a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Miss Clara Barton and others of the Red Cross Society for their services in Cuba.

A man who registered at the St. James Hotel as R. G. Porter, of Woodbury, N. J., shot and killed himself in his room at the hotel. No cause is known for the suicide.

The Senate confirmed the nominations of Addison C. Harris, of Indiana, as Minister to Austria-Hungary and Charlemange Tower, of Pennsylvania, as Ambassador to Russia.

Andrew Carnegie offered to give $250,000 to erect a building for a public library for Washington, provided Congress would furnish a site and provide suitable maintenance, not less than $10,000 per annum. Efforts will be made at once to secure the needed legislation.

Secretary Long approved the findings of the court of inquiry concerning the grounding of the battleship Massachusetts, and has reprimanded Captain Ludlow and Lieutenant Potts.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs agreed to report favorably the promotion of naval officers who participated in the war with Spain, over others who are their seniors. The list includes Admirals Sampson and Schley.

The Navy Department has decided to allow the naval station at Guam a full brass band. The Equipment Bureau has been authorized to procure the instruments and ship them on the Yosemite when she starts for the island.

The Navy Department has decided to send three gunboats to Rear-Admiral Dewey, in addition to the Castine and Helena, recently ordered to Philippine waters. The vessels assigned to this duty are the gunboats Princeton, Yorktown and Bennington.

In the Senate Tuesday Mr. Mason (Rep., Ill.) made an address in support of his resolution that the United States will not seek to govern any people without their consent.

Secretary Alger, in a communication to Congress, suggested that steps be taken to recognize the meritorious hospital work performed by Margaret Livingston Chanler and Anna Boligny in the Porto Rico campaign.

Domestic.

Chief of Police John Garvey, of Menasha, Wis., was found in the Neenah Canal by a mill hand. An examination shows that he had been murdered and then thrown into the water. The back of his head was beaten in.

Fred J. Barstow, foreman in the publishing house of the W. B. Conkey Company, of Chicago, Ill., shot and killed an unidentified man during a labor dispute on the street. Barstow was arrested.

Major Francis L. Hills, a West Point graduate and at present Chief Engineer of the Wilmington and Northern Railroad, was notified at Wilmington, Del., of his appointment as engineer in charge of the Government works at Porto Rico.

Samuel Steiner, a farmer of Pleasant Valley township, surrendered himself to the authorities at West Union, Iowa. He said that his brother John and himself, with a neighbor named Hunsberger, were together a few days ago; that they drank of homemade wine, becoming intoxicated; that a quarrel arose between them, in which he shot his brother, killing him instantly.

The north-bound limited train on the Illinois Central had a head-end collision with a switch engine at Champaign, Ill., a few days ago. Engineer Henry Thorpe of the swith engine and Fireman W. B. Logan of the limited were killed. Thorpe had been an engineer on the road for thirty years.

The store of the J. S. Menkin Dry Goods Company, one of the largest houses in Memphis, Tenn., was destroyed by fire. The loss was over $200,000.

In a street fight at Boyles, Miss., a few days ago, two men, Dr. Harris and a Mr. Allen, were killed and a Mr. Dougherty was fatally injured by John Hace and Frank Williams. Allen was a bystander. The trouble was the result of an old feud.

William Garrity, aged about thirty-five years, employed on the barge Jeremiah, owned by the Thames Tow Boat Company, was burned to death in New London, Conn., in a fire which caused damage to the barge to the extent of about $200.

Frank Shott, a wealthy farmer, was killed by a train on the West Jersey Railroad at Woodbury, N. J. He was driving across the track when his wagon was struck by a locomotive. His horses were also killed.

General Clous arrived in New York City from Havana with records of the Evacuation Commission and a small cannon, captured from the British in 1611.

A box from Madrid, Spain, was received at Annapolis, Md., by Lieutenant-Commander E. K. Moore. It comes from Admiral Cervera, and contains several presents for friends, including Mr. Moore and Admiral McNair.

Miss Sophia Dallas, daughter of George M. Dallas, who was Vice-President of the United States with President Polk, died at her home, in Philadelphia, aged seventy-six years.

O. H. Baker, the wife murderer, was hanged at Eminence, Mo., a few days ago, in the presence of 2000 persons. On the scaffold he cursed the country and the people until the drop fell.

The gunboat Yorktown sailed from San Francisco Tuesday for Manila via Honolulu. She will go all the way under a full head of steam and should make the run in three weeks if she is not delayed at Honolulu.

Henry Mitchell, thirty years of age, and James Leonard, twenty-one, were killed at a railroad crossing in Paterson, N. J., a few days ago. They were riding in a covered wagon and drove upon the rails directly in front of the train. The horse escaped injury, but the wagon was demolished.

Henry Wolfer, Warden of the Minnesota State Prison, at Stillwater, has been chosen Warden of the Connecticut Prison at Hartford, to succeed Warden Jabez Woodbridge, whose son is now an inmate of the institution, from which he embezzled funds while a clerk. Wolfer is forty-six years old. He will assume his new duties March 1.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

SALTILLO.

Grippe, grippe; too many to mention.

Rev. J. C. Young is conducting revival services in the M. E. church.

New goods, low prices and fair dealing are bringing a large trade to S. W. Kimmel & Son's new hardware and grocery store.

George Harklerode had a large cancer removed from his face on Saturday. Dr. Heaton performed the operation very successfully, which, considering his age, the brave veteran withstood with the nerve of a hero.

We are glad to know that within a few days L. M. Green will open a new boot, shoe and harness shop which is a badly needed enterprise and the workmanship of Mr. Green is sufficient to command for him a good business.

Our school flag is quite noticeable for its absence. The fever of patriotism of our directors and teacher must have vanished with Cervera's fleet. Unfurl her boys. Don't be ashamed of Old Glory, neither the flag nor patriotism should be hidden away and molding.

It is said Edward Greene holds the ribbons to a fine new team.

Frank Wagoner and Frank Berninger have been recent victims of the grip.

Mrs. Margaret Finley entertained a number of friends on New Year's day.

Wm. Smyers and family occupy the house recently vacated by Austin Wagoner.

Mrs. Euphemia Shafer, of Orbisonia, recently visited K. M. Henderson, of Saltillo.

Miss Ada Gifford, of Shirleysburg, is visiting at the residence of Mrs. Henry Hudson.

Austin Wagoner has moved his family from Saltillo to a farm adjacent to our town.

Mrs. G. W. Cohill has returned home from a two-months' visit to her children at Lewistown, Osceola and Tyrone.

Miss Jessie Fleming has returned to Lebanon, Pa., to pursue her studies after a ten days' visit to her parents at this place.

Grandmother Ramsey and grandson are to move to Saltillo in the near future and occupy the John Kapp house in Upper Saltillo.

H. T. Weaver and family occupy their new house recently built by Mr. W. The house is convenient and modern in all apartments.

The iron bridge which is being erected in Lower Saltillo by the county will soon be completed, a structure of which our town will be justly proud. The contractor is Mr. Green, of Huntingdon.

Rev. J. C. Young, of Three Springs, has been very zealous in his endeavors to reach the unconverted in our midst. Many surely need regeneration and this procrastination may be the means by which some may lose their souls.

Mrs. Connell, of Pittsburg, who has been visiting at the residence of James Hann, took her departure for her home at Pittsburg last week. She is an enthusiastic church worker and her talks and prayers still linger in our memories.

Mrs. Geo. Sleeman has been on the sick list for some days past. Mrs. Myers Keith is confined to her bed with pneumonia. Little Esther McClain became quite sick from having her arm vaccinated, which necessitated the calling of her mother from the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Smawley, of Mt. Union, who was suffering with pneumonia.

The annual election of officers of the Saltillo Telephone company was held on Monday. Saltillo is to be the centre of this useful adjunct to our town. It was gotten up and pushed forward by Saltillo men. The telephone is useful in so many ways that we wonder the Saltillo people did not discover its worth many years ago. Steele Barcus, who has charge of the central office in Upper Saltillo, finds his hands full in attending to the calls.

The steam saw mill belonging to R. W. Hudson and run by John W. Kapp seems to be doing a thriving business, judging from its puffing and sawing. It is in full view of Saltillo on the side of Jack's mountain. The workmen employed have constructed a schute on which to slide their logs down the steepest grade. I presume when it leaves the ground it occupies all the heavy timber will have disappeared and the majestic appearance of the mountain very much spoiled.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon County and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1899,

at one o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain one and one-half story Church Building, twenty-six by forty feet, with pulpit and choir addition 5x11 feet, and lot or piece of ground and cartilage appurtenant thereto, situate in the borough of Huntingdon, county of Huntingdon, Pa., fronting 30 feet, more or less, on the east side of Moore street, between Cherry alley and Tenth street, and extending back eastwardly from said Moore street 70 feet, more or less. Bounded on the north by lot of H. B. Dunn, on the south by lot of Tobias Baker, on the west by Moore street and on the east by lot of H. B. Dunn and Tobias Baker.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the land and tenements, which were of The African Methodist Episcopal Church of Huntingdon, owners or reputed owners, and Alexander Murrells, Charles Slaughters, John S. Murrell, Workman Simons and David H. W. Keith, trustees of the African Methodist Episcopal Church of Huntingdon, contractors.

TERMS.—The price for which the property is sold must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will immediately be put up and sold at the risk of the person to whom it was first sold, and who in case of deficiency, at such resale shall make good the same, and in no instance will the deed be presented to the Court for confirmation unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. Persons who are lien creditors must procure a certified list for the Sheriff in order to apply the amount of bids, or any part thereof, on their lien.

B. S. RUMBERGER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Huntingdon, Pa.,
January 11, 1899.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi February 8, 1899, and absolutely February 12, 1899.

1 DRENNIN. The final account of Lewis E. Port, administrator of William Drennin, late of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa.

2 SIMPSON. First and final account of Isaac G. Simpson, executor of Harriet N. Simpson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.

3 CLARK. First and final account of G. B. Clark, administrator of E. Ellen Clark, late of Todd township, deceased.

4 CURFMAN. First and final account of Webster Curfman, administrator of the estate of Joseph P. Curfman, late of Cass township, deceased.

5 GUMBERT. First and final account of W. T. Browning, administrator of Frederick Gumbert, late of the borough of Rockhill, deceased, with distribution annexed.

6 GRISSINGER. First and final account of W. P. Grissinger, administrator of the estate of Samuel A. Grissinger, late of Clay township, deceased.

7 GROVE. First account of the Harrisburg Trust Company, administrator c. t. a. d. b. n. of John H. Grove, late of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., deceased.

8 WIESTLING. First and final account of R. A. Orbison, executor of the last will and testament of Cornelia R. Wiestling, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution annexed.

9 First and partial account of W. L. Johnston, administrator of the estate of W. Scott Bair, late of the Borough of Huntingdon, deceased.

Register's office, Jan. 11. 1899. } B. F. GODARD, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed ni si on February 8, 1899. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely May 10, 1899.

1 PIPER. Inventory of the personal property of Levi Piper, late of Dublin township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Evaline Piper.

2 SHAFFER. Inventory of the personal property of William Shaffer, late of Morris township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Ann Shaffer.

3 McILROY. Inventory of the personal property of Jackson McIlroy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, as taken by his widow, Delilah McIlroy.

Office of Clerk O. C., Jan. 11, 1899. } B. F. GODARD, Clerk Orphans' Court.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN,
9-28-98, tf Huntingdon, Pa.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned trustee, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon County to sell the real estate of John Shoop, late of the township of Union, county of Huntingdon, and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises in Union township, two miles south of Mapleton,

Thursday, January 26th, 1899,

at 1 o'clock p. m., all the following described real estate, to wit:

Tract No. 1. All that certain messuage, tract or parcel of land situate in Union township, county of Huntingdon, beginning at a sugar by lands of John Shoop north 24½ degrees east 138 perches to a red oak; thence by lands of Samuel Dell north 49 degrees west 208 perches to stones; thence by lands of Eliel Smith, now heirs of Levi Dell, south 30 degrees west 148 perches to stones; thence by lands of Samuel Dell south 49 degrees east 208 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 162 acres and 40 perches and the usual allowances, be the same more or less. Having thereon erected a Two-story Log House, Bank Barn, Wood house, Dry house, Smoke house, Wagon shed and other out buildings.

Tract No. 2. All that certain tract of land situate in Hare's Valley, Union township, and county of Huntingdon, beginning at a gum thence by Rocky Ridge north 23½ degrees east 242 perches to a walnut; thence by lands of Hares Lang north 62 degrees west 85 perches to a hickory; thence by lands of John Coughenour, now of Abram K. Miller, south 23 degrees west 240 perches to a white oak; and thence by lands of John Harrett south 60 degrees east 70 perches to place of beginning. Containing 108 acres and 54 perches and allowanee, be the same more or less.

Tract No. 3. All that messuage, tract and tenement of land situate in Union township, county of Huntingdon, beginning at a post by lands of John Shoop, north 1 degree west 24 perches to a post; thence by lands of the said John Shoop north 67 degrees west 4 perches and 15 links to a sugar tree; thence by lands of the said John Shoop north 12 degrees east 21 perches to a sugar; thence by lands of John Shoop, jr., south 20 degrees west 60 perches to a post; thence by lands of John Shoop, jr., south 60 degrees east 20 perches to a post and place of beginning. Containing 2 acres and 123 perches, be the same more or less.

Tract No. 4. All that certain tract of land situate in Hare's Valley, Union township, and county of Huntingdon, beginning at a stone by lands of Levi Dell south 60 degrees east 17½ perches to a red maple; thence by lands of Levi Dell north 46 degrees east 12 perches to a sugar; thence by lands of Levi Dell, now J. C. Dell, north 67 degrees east 12 10 100 perches to a stone; thence by lands of John Shoop north 60 degrees west 24 perches to a stone; thence by lands of J. Shoop and Lemuel Dell south 24½ degrees west 23 10 100 perches to a stone and place of beginning. Containing 2 acres and 91 perches and allowances, be the same more or less.

The above tracts of land contain about 60 acres of good meadow land, well supplied with timber and running water in all the fields making them a very desirable piece of property. There is also a lime kiln separate and apart of said tracts of land which has been used in connection therewith and will also be included in the sale.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid when the properties are struck down, and 23½ per cent. upon confirmation of sale; 33⅓ per cent. of the purchase money with interest one year after date of confirmation, and to be secured by bond or mortgage of purchaser; the balance, or the widow's one-third, payable upon the date of the widow's death and to be secured by bond and mortgage of purchaser, with interest payable to widow annually.

Also at the same time and place will be sold a lot of hay by the ton.

NOTE.—The above tracts will be offered as a whole or in parts as desired by bidders. This farm is particularly adapted to stock or fruit raising.

SIMPSON SHOOP,
Dec. 23, 1898. Trustee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brumbaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 4. House and lot at corner of Sugar and Grant streets. Large lot, out buildings. Seven-room house recently remodeled.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Grant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,
JERE B. REX, Executor,
Aug. 10 tf. Huntingdon Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

—ON—

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

JANUARY 19th, 20th and 21st, 1899,

We will have one of the greatest clearence sales we have ever made. The goods are fresh stock and and most desirable but our stock is too heavy. So down prices and the people will do the rest. We will offer Sheets and Pillow Cases at less than you can make them. All are of a well known standard brand of muslin and we can guarantee them.

Hem-stitched Sheets,	90x90 in	57	cents each
" "	81x90 in	51½	" "
Hemmed "	90x60 in	48	" "
" "	81x90 in	43	" "

Pillow Cases and Bolsters come at proportionately low prices. We can only mention a few items:

Splendid yard-wide Brown Muslin		3½	cents yard
" " Bleached "		5	" "
" Toweling		3½	" "
A big lot of Calicoes		3½	" "

Then we will have at a great reduction Dress Goods, Ribbons, Embroideries, Underwear, Hosiery, Ladies' Waists, fine black Undershirts and hosts of other things which you will want.

Do not fail to come to this sale as it will be a big one, and the prices will satisfy your love of bargains. While many stores advertise great muslin underwear sales at this time, we think it too early. But next month we will have a sale of the prettiest, newest Underwear we have ever shown. Wait for this sale as it will be a money saver, and our stock now coming in is beautiful.

Wm Reed & Son,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Which

Do you prefer? A single or a double Heater? We have both in stock, and can furnish you with either, and with grates to burn either

Hard or Soft Coal,

it makes no difference to us, and but a few dollars to the buyer. The class of Heating Stoves we carry are on a par with our celebrated Dockash Range. Need we say more? If you are in the market for a heating stove call and see what I have to offer.

Hard Coal Stoves range in price from $14 to $35. Soft coal double heaters from $14 to $22.50.

JOHN REYNOLDS,

(Next door First National Bank.)

Huntingdon, Pa.

Now for 1899.

You want to get in line with us for the coming season's business.

Investigate—

others are doing so—and have found that we furnish the right goods at the right price.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that you can buy your dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, &c, from us for less money than by going abroad.

Your trade is solicited.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

DRY . . GOODS.

The largest and most complete line of

Fall and Winter

dry goods received since I have been in business. Prices right. Come and see them.

J. O. HEATON,

Cassville, Penn'a.

EVERYBODY + SURPRISED

Over my fresh arrival of

MISSES', GENTS' and CHILD'S SHOES.

Surprise, first, at the **LARGE ASSORTMENT.**
Surprise, second, at the **SUPERIOR QUALITY.**
Surprise, third, at the **IMMENSE VARIETY.**
Surprise, fourth, at the **LOW PRICES.**

I have been some time in getting these "surprises" all here and ready for you, but at last am able to announce

BARGAINS ALL THROUGH THE HOUSE.

I solicit a comparison of goods and prices, knowing you will find that my NEW STOCK is the best and cheapest.

J. C. Hazlett,

402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

At J. G. Gillam's Day-Light Store

Is the place you can see the goods you buy and see the goods you want to buy, for every department is full and complete.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GLOVES,

UNDERWEAR,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, GROCERIES

AND CONFECTIONS,

in fact everything that you want.

Highest market prices paid for produce. Give us a call.

John G. Gillam.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Jan. 18, 1899.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Measles are epidemic at Huntingdon.

—There are ten inmates in the county jail.

—Mrs. G. A. Wise and two children are visiting friends in Altoona.

—For clothing, overcoats, dress suits, odd pants, coats or vests, go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Only three liquor licenses were granted in Fulton county for this year. The jail in that county is empty.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Simon Young, proprietor of a meat market at Derry, Pa., was chloroformed Monday night and robbed of $168 and a lot of silverware.

—Dress plaids as low as 5c per yd., (all wool); dress cloths at 25c and general line of dress goods at right prices at W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—If we can't civilize the Philippine Islanders we can kill them off in short order. San Francisco has just shipped to Manila six car loads of cigarettes.

—Mrs. Mary Smith, of Trough Creek, is critically ill at the home of her son John P. Smith, in Smith Valley. But little hope is entertained of her recovery.

—H. H. Swope, Bruce Yocum, L. L. Parker and W. W. Brumbaugh were among the people of this section who attended the inauguration at Harrisburg yesterday.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, Pa., has ladies' coats and capes, new this season, at very reasonable prices. Also misses' jackets and long coats at bargain prices.

—John A. Kurtz, of Huntingdon, was killed Monday morning by the newspaper train. He was badly mangled. Deceased was aged about 40 years and leaves a wife and four children.

—The Saltillo telephone line was completed to Latta Grove last Thursday. The subscribers on this line are R. P. Smith, J. Frank Wright and Michael Stever. It will prove a great convenience to that section.

—Newton Lord and Jennie Helper were married in western Colorado last week, says an exchange. Newt. is a six-footer with muscles like sugar-cured hams, and not an editor in that district dared to head the marriage notice: "Lord—Helper."

—J. H. Rindlaub, of Philadelphia, who with his daughter were guests of G. D. Wood and wife paid us a pleasant call Monday afternoon. They proceeded from Mapleton to Altoona and will visit friends in other parts of the state before returning home.

—The Pennsylvania railroad is about to erect morgues for the reception of the remains of employes and trespassers killed on the road. The first one to be constructed will be at Harrisburg, where work has been commenced on a small but neatly designed brick building.

—The Hollidaysburg rolling mill, idle for two years, will shortly be put in operation by a new company. The Portage iron works, at Duncansville, which gives employment to 600 men and boys, has increased its capital stock from $25,000 to $40,000, preparatory to enlarging.

—James P. McClellan, of Altoona, aged 66 years, one of the best known freight conductors on the middle division, was killed in the Altoona yard yesterday afternoon by being run down by a car which was being dropped to the classification yard. He was a native of New Bloomfield and leaves a wife and five children.

—Robert Mason, of Smithfield, one of the efficient members of the board of directors of the poor, was in town last Thursday arranging for the sale of the personal property of Albert Hagans who was recently removed to the Alms house. The sale will take place next Saturday and the property to be sold is in good condition.

—Mrs. Zachariah Harnish died at her home in Alexandria on Saturday morning about 5 o'clock. She is survived by her husband and seven children as follows: Irene, Reynold and Ralph, at home; John, Ross and Nettie, of Rochester, N. Y., and Albert, who is teaching in Blair county. The funeral took place on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

—The annual election of officers of the Union National Bank, of Huntingdon, was held Tuesday of last week and resulted as follows: K. A. Lovell, president; H. B. Brumbaugh, vice president; R. J. Mattern, cashier; K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, H. B. Brumbaugh, E. M. Greene and R. J. Mattern, directors. This bank has been made a United States depository.

—The best apples in the world are grown in the United States, and in that portion of the United States embraced in the territory known as Pennsylvania, New York and Michigan. The people of foreign countries are just beginning to realize this fact, and the consequence is a large and rapidly increasing export trade in apples. Therefore, plant more apple trees.—Kittanning Free Press.

—A new State arsenal is to be built shortly at Harrisburg for the storage of camp equipage. The new arsenal will be built along the P. R. R. where the expense for the transportation of tents, etc., to the railroad would be done away with. The building will not be as expensive as the old one, as it is to be used more as a store house and nothing of an explosive nature will be put in it.

—The Orbisonia *Dispatch* says: a number of citizens of this place, who think the principal and the school board are exceeding their authority in refusing to admit children to the schools who are not vaccinated, went together and feed a Huntingdon attorney for advice, and when it came it was short, crisp and to the point as follows: "The school board is right, get your children vaccinated."

—The first vote on the United States senatorship was taken at Harrisburg yesterday. Senator Quay received 112 votes, three more than he received in caucus and three more than were conceded to him. A joint ballot will be taken at 12 o'clock each day, Sunday excepted, until a senator is elected. Representatives Bare and Milliken voted for Quay and Senator Chisholm for John Stewart, of Franklin county. One hundred and twenty-four votes are necessary to a choice. We believe Senator Quay will be re-elected.

La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by J. G. Gillam.

For The Grip.

Hot lemonade is one of the best remedies for grip. It is a medicine not hard to take. The Pittsburg Times says: During the great influenza epidemic in London in 1889 the board of health of that city advised the public affected with the disease to make an abundant use of hot lemonade. The perspiration caused thereby is in most cases sufficient to relieve the patient from severe colds and consequent complications, doing away with quinine or other drugs which often leave unpleasant results. In bronchial troubles the acid of lemons relieves the irritation of the throat, acting at the same time as a natural disinfectant. Fresh lemon juice will kill cholera bacillus in water, hence it is not surprising that it will also destroy the socalled influenza bacillus.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says; "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong, I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Troubles. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons'; every bottle guaranteed.

Constipation prevents the body from ridding itself of waste matter. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove the trouble and cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Inactive Liver and clear the Complexion. Small, sugar coated, don't gripe or cause nausea. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

TROUGH CREEK.

Watson Wright put soles on three sleighs last Saturday. They may be of use later on.

According to an old saying, we will have a frost in May on the same day of the month that we had the heavy fog last week.

The old potato road is in a horrible condition on account of the loose stones in it; while it would be fine if the stones were thrown out.

Miss Nellie Wright, who still holds the fort at Lone Star, was unable to teach a part of last week, but went to the school on Monday.

J. C. Wright's thermometer registered 10 degrees below zero last Wednesday morning just before sunrise, which was the second coldest morning of the season.

Mrs. A. W. Wright has been with Aunt Katy Foust, of Henderson township, since last Monday a week. The old lady was improving slowly on Sunday.

Mrs. Householder, of Marklesburg, is with her sick sister, Mrs. Brown, whose condition has been about the same for the past week. Maggie is a good hand among sick folks.

It is quite a treat to stop in front of Pine Grove school house and listen to the music rendered, with Miss Mae Swope, who is a natural organist, at the organ and Prof. Glasgow leading the vocal part and the pupils following right in line. It would be well if we had more music in many of our schools.

Prof. Heiges said at the Trough Creek institute that we had the highest colored Falawater pound apples, Ben Davis and York Imperials that he had ever seen anywhere, the latter being more highly colored than where they originated. He said our soil must be exceedingly well adapted to apple growing. He didn't say anything about our potatoes. Perhaps he is like the writer, not overly fond of potatoes, but our potatoes have the reputation all the same.

School Reports.

Following are the reports of Mapleton borough schools for fourth month, ending Monday, January 9, 1899:

No. 1—Louisa A. Dell, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	25	23	48
Average attendance,	21	18	39
Per cent. of "	92	83	88

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Harry Henderson, Victor Wallet, Ernest Hooper, Howard Hommon, John Turnbaugh, Brinton Dell, Harold Spangler, Mary Hooper, Ethel Wood, Mabel White, Mattie Brininger, Lena Truax, Rose Werner. Visitors 5.

No. 2—Miss Milda D. Chilcote, teacher.

	Males	Female	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	22	19	41
Average attendance,	20	17	37
Per cent. of "	93	90	91

Following are the names of pupils who were perfect in attendanc during month: Pearl Neice, Rosetta Hicks, Olive Morgan, Esther Brown, Tillie Neice, Ella McHugh, Maud Barclay, Meda Neice, Herbert Henderson, Willie Hooper, Roy O'Connor, David Norris, Harry Hommon, Harry Turnbaugh, Edward Spangler, Clinton Dell, Charles Werner, and Gilbert Wise. Visitors 10.

No. 3—H. G. Swope, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	15	12	27
Average attendance,	14	10	24
Per cent. of "	92	90	91

Following pupils missed no time during the month: Tommy White, Charles Wertz, Harry Thompson, Charles O'Connor, Jno. Robley, Luther Skipper, Gilbert Skipper, Charles Long, Victor Brumbaugh. Visitors 8; addresses 6.

No. 4—G. W. Wright, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	14	10	24
Average attendance,	10	8	18
Per cent. of "	98	98	98

The following named pupils were perfect in attendance during month: Olive Chilcote, Myrtle Wright, Etta McDonald, Dorothea Robley, Junie McConahy, Ada McDonald, Cora Miller, Bessie Neice, Lulu McDonald, Ada Wilson, Enva O'Connor, Chas. Swope, Ellis Baker, Duane Hicks, Emory Neice, Mason Hicks, Jesse Swope, Edward McCarl.

Six of the above scholars belonged to this school only six days, having been promoted from No. 3 school. Visitors 7.

Following is the report of Calvin school, Union township, for third month, ending Tuesday, January 3, 1899:

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	8	14	22
Average attendance	7	12	19
Per cent. of attendance	87	90	89

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Zillah Steel, Emma Steel, Olga Wright, Chloe Wright, Ida Steel, Coy Coder, Chester Glasgow, John Coder. Visitors 8.

HARPER E. SWOPE, teacher.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c. at B. O'Connor & Sons.

Argument Court.

Regular session of January argument court opened on Monday, the 9th inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Judge Bailey, presiding, and associates Messrs. Benson and Rogers on the bench.

Bond of H. H. Swope, county surveyor, was approved.

Inquest confirmed in estate of Jno. W. Russell, late of Hopewell township, deceased. Rule on heirs awarded to accept or refuse real estate at the valuation. James Russell appointed guardian for minor children of Henry Fisher, of the state of Iowa, deceased.

R. W. Williamson, esq., appointed auditor to distribute balance on account of E. R. Brown, executor of C. J. Brown, late of the borough of Orbisonia, deceased.

W. M. Henderson, guardian of Susan Henderson, authorized to expend from principal of her estate for support.

Inquest awarded on the real estate of John Tate, late of Brady township, deceased.

Rule granted to show cause why acceptance of John Ross under will of Leah Ross, late of Petersburg, deceased, should not be stricken off the record.

Appraisement of real estate of Rebecca Ann Lear, late of Saltillo, deceased, as set apart to her minor children, confirmed nisi.

Real estate of John Foreman, late of Dublin township, deceased ordered to be sold for payment of debts.

Citation awarded against the administrators of Reuben Myers, late of Shirleysburg, deceased, to file an account.

Citation awarded to H. H. Waite esq. assignee of Jno. S. Warfel, to file an account.

Report of L. S. Geissinger, commissioner to report on allowance for maintenance of the minor children of Anna M. Wright, deceased, confirmed nisi.

The court made a rule that all petitioners for views and reviews for roads etc. should be compelled to file a bond for payment of costs, under act of 1895.

Geo. Ballantyne, who was covicted at December term of larceny as bailee, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10. costs, and five months in jail.

New trial was refused in case of Isiah Beaumont vs. the borough of Huntingdon, for damages.

Report of R. W. Williamson esq. auditor in the estate of Anthony Parks, late of Penn township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Mary J. Hauck to John J. Hauck, property in Petersburg. Consideration $190.

Margaret Hite to William Orner, property in Jackson township. Consideration $120

Mary Agnes Bickett to William Orner, property in Jackson township. Consideration $225.

R. M. Speer to Robert Graffius, property in Alexandria borough. Consideration $150.

Robert Graffius & wife to Samuel Winters, et al., property in Alexandria borough. Consideration $125.

Agnes R. Briggs to B. Frank Briggs, property in Tell township. Consideration $300.

Arnold W. Houp & wife to James F. Burnham, property in Hopewell township. Consideration $36.10.

James Dicky & wife to William Thompson, property in Logan township. Consideration $1000.

Kate B. Swayne to Jennie M. Bolinger, property in Shirley township. Consideration $905.

James J. Woolheater & wife to Otis M. Brumbaugh, property in Huntingdon borough. Consideration $250.

Otis M. Brumbaugh & wife to George W. Bowman, property in Huntingdon borough. Consideration $1300.

R. C. Henry, trustee, to Joseph W. Henry, property in West township. Consideration $6235.

Thomas W. Evans & wife to the Logan Iron & Steel Co., property in Jackson township. Consideration $300.

Banham C. Gearhart to the H. B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Co., property in Penn township. Consideration $25.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large Book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg. Chicago.

A. B. Gillam's Greatest Christmas Bargains.

The coming of Christmas; you will believe in its near approach when you see the display at A. B. Gillam's. You'll feel we've been lavish in our purchases. A look through the pretty offerings will make your heart young. You will regret that you are not a child again, so that you may enter more fully into the pleasures of the happy holiday season. You'll find nothing lacking in the display. An entire absence of extravagance in prices will be particularly noticeable, for purchasing from the manufacturers direct enables us to make the very low prices you will be impressed with, and the many choice designs shown. Just a hint here and there. You can only form a correct idea of their beauty by looking through the store.

Surprise Boxes,
Horns,
Albums,
Sterling Silver Brushes,
Dolls,
at 5 cts. and up.
Perfume,
A fine assortment of
China,
Doll's Cribs,
Some nice things in
Stationery,
Toilet Articles,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs.

Our general stock is complete. We invite you to come early before our stock is picked over. You will find a good selection of gifts.

A. B. Gillam.

We Are Now Making

A

FAST BLACK

(Alizarine Dyed)

WORSTED SUIT

Cutaway or Sack

FOR $20.

I Guarantee a Faultless Fit and a Correct Style Expression.

Don't mistake the place.

BALDWIN,

THE TAILOR.

When Hungry, Go To

FISHER'S Penn Street RESTAURANT.

—You Can Get—

Steaks, Chops, Eggs, Boiled Beans, Sandwiches, Pies, Hot Tea or Coffee.

BEST SHELL OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

Oysters delivered to any part of town in any style or quantity,

—Also—

Caterer for Weddings and Banquets.

GEO. W. FISHER,

417 Penn St. HUNTINGDON, PA

To Florida Resorts.

The Plant System reaches the finest resorts in Florida, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. Tickets by both rail and water from the East. Tri-weekly steamship service between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana. Beautifully illustrated literature, maps, rates, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

Spanish books will be admitted to Cuba free of duty for ten years.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The Indian population of the United States is 248,340.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

Every continent on the globe, with the exception of Australia, produces wild roses.

Warm Blood

Coursing through the veins, feeds, nourishes and sustains all the organs, nerves, muscles and tissues of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes warm, rich, pure blood. It is the best medicine you can take in winter. It tones, invigorates, strengthens and fortifies the whole body, preventing colds, fevers, pneumonia and the grip.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

The World's Population Increasing.

Even in uncivilized parts of the world there is conclusive evidence that population is increasing. The black races of Africa are the most prolific of human beings. A district may be wasted and most of its inhabitants killed, but in ten or fifteen years the devastated region is as thickly populated as ever. Some of the most destructive native wars in this century have been waged in the region behind Lagos, on the Upper Guinea coast, but this district, as large as New York State, is now more densely peopled than any other part of Africa except the lower Nile Valley. The Chinese have demonstrated how vast a population, mainly agricultural, may be supported in a comparatively small area; and in China, as in some other densely peopled regions, the population has increased with perhaps peculiar rapidity, because of its enjoyment of comparative immunity from epidemics of disease.—New York Sun.

A LIVING WITNESS.

Mrs. Hoffman Describes How She Wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for Advice, and Is Now Well.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer. I have been sick for months, was troubled with severe pain in both sides of abdomen, sore feeling in lower part of bowels, also suffered with dizziness, headache, and could not sleep. I wrote you a letter describing my case and asking your advice. You replied telling me just what to do. I followed your directions, and cannot praise your medicine enough for what it has done for me. Many thanks to you for your advice. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me, and I will recommend it to my friends.—Mrs. FLORENCE R. HOFFMAN, 512 Roland St., Canton, O.

The condition described by Mrs. Hoffman will appeal to many women, yet lots of sick women struggle on with their daily tasks disregarding the urgent warnings until overtaken by actual collapse.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometimes past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "The Value of Good Wives"—Qualities Which Crown Noble Womanhood—Wonders Christianity Has Done For the Weaker Sex.

TEXT: "Elisha passed to Shunem, where was a great woman."—II Kings iv., 8.

The hotel of our time had no counterpart in any entertainment of olden time. The vast majority of travelers must then be entertained at private abode. Here comes Elisha, a servant of the Lord, on a divine mission, and he must find shelter. A balcony overlooking the valley of Esdraelon is offered him in a private house, and it is especially furnished for his occupancy—a chair to sit on, a table from which to eat, a candlestick by which to read and a bed on which to slumber, the whole establishment belonging to a great and good woman. Her husband, it seems, was a godly man, but he was entirely overshadowed by his wife's excellences; just as now you sometimes find in a household the wife the centre of dignity and influence and power, not by any arrogance or presumption, but by superior intellect and force of moral nature, wielding domestic affairs and at the same time supervising all financial and business affairs—the wife's hand on the shuttle or the banking house or the worldly business.

You see hundreds of men who are successful only because there is a reason at home why they are so successful. If a man marry a good, honest soul, he makes his fortune. If he marry a fool, the Lord help him. The wife may be the silent partner in the firm, there may be only masculine voices down on Exchange, but there oftentimes comes from the home circle a potential and elevating influence. This woman of my text was the superior of her husband. He, as far as I can understand, was what we often see in our day, a man of large fortune and only a modicum of brain, intensely quiet, sitting a long while in the same place without moving hand or foot, if you say "Yes," responding "Yes;" if you say "No," responding "No"—inane, eyes half shut, mouth wide open, maintaining his position in society only because he has a large patrimony. But his wife, my text says, was a great woman. Her name has not come down to us. She belonged to that collection of people who need no name to distinguish them. What would title of duchess or princess or queen—what would escutcheon or gleaming diadem be to this woman of my text, who by her intelligence and her behavior challenges the admiration of all ages? Long after the brilliant women of the court of Louis XV have been forgotten and the brilliant women of the court of Spain have been forgotten and the brilliant women who sat on the throne of Russia have been forgotten some grandfather will put on his spectacles, and holding the book the other side the light read to his grandchildren the story of this great woman of Shunem who was so kind and courteous and Christian to the good prophet Elisha. Yes, she was a great woman.

In the first place, she was great in her hospitalities. Uncivilized and barbarous nations have this virtue. Jupiter had the surname of the Hospitable, and he was said especially to avenge the wrongs of strangers. Homer extolled it in his verse. The Arabs are punctilious on this subject, and among some of their tribes it is not until the ninth day of tarrying that the occupant has a right to ask his guest, "Who and whence art thou?" If this virtue is so honored among barbarians, how ought it to be honored among those of us who believe in the Bible, which commands us to use hospitality one toward another without grudging!

Of course I do not mean under this cover to give any idea that I approve of that vagrant class who go around from place to place, ranging their whole lifetime, perhaps under the auspices of some benevolent or philanthropic society, quartering themselves on Christian families with a great pile of trunks in the hall and carpetbag portentous of tarrying. There is many a country parsonage that looks out week by week upon the ominous arrival of wagon with creaking wheel and lank horse and dilapidated driver, come under the auspices of some charitable institution to spend a few weeks and canvass the neighborhood. Let no such religious tramps take advantage of this beautiful virtue of Christian hospitality. Not so much the sumptuousness of your diet and the regality of your abode will impress the friend or the stranger that steps across your threshold as the warmth of your greeting; the informality of your reception, the reiteration by grasp, and by look, and by a thousand attentions, insignificant attentions, of your earnestness of welcome. There will be high appreciation of your welcome, though you have nothing but the brazen candlestick and the plain chair to offer Elisha when he comes to Shunem. Most beautiful is this grace of hospitality when shown in the house of God. I am thankful that I have always been pastor of churches where strangers are welcome. But I have entered churches where there was no hospitality. A stranger would stand in the vestibule for a while and then make a pilgrimage up the long isle. No door opened to him until, flushed and excited and embarrassed, he started back again and, coming to some half filled pew, with apologetic air entered it, while the occupant glared on him with a look which seemed to say, "Well, if I must, I must." Away with such accursed indecency from the house of God. Let every church that would maintain large Christian influence in community culture Sabbath by Sabbath this beautiful grace of Christian hospitality.

This woman of the text was only a type of thousands of men and women who come down from mansion and from cot to do kindness to the Lord's servants. I could tell you of something that you might think a romance. A young man graduated from New Brunswick Theological Seminary was called to a village church. He had not the means to furnish the parsonage. After three or four weeks of preaching a committee of the officers of the church waited on him and told him he looked tired and thought he had better take a vacation of a few days. The young pastor took it as an intimation that his work was done or not acceptable. He took the vacation, and at the end of a few days came back, when an elder said: "Here is the key of the parsonage. We have been cleaning it up. You had better go up and look at it." So the young pastor took the key, went up to the parsonage, opened the door, and lo, it was carpeted, and there was the hatrack all ready for the canes and the umbrellas and the overcoats, and on the left hand of the hall was the parlor, sofaed chaired, pictured. He passed on to the other side of the hall, and there was the study table in the centre of the floor with stationery upon it, bookshelves built, long ranges of new volumes, far beyond the reach of the means of the young pastor, many of these volumes. The young pastor went up stairs and found all the sleeping apartments furnished, came down stairs and entered the pantry, and there were the spices, and the coffees, and the sugars, and the groceries for six months. He went down into the cellar, and there was the coal for all the coming winter. He went into the dining hall, and there was the table already set—the glass and the silverware. He went into the kitchen, and there were all the culinary implements and a great stove. The young pastor lifted one lid of the stove, and he found the fuel all ready for ignition. Putting back the cover of the stove, he saw in another part of it a lucifer match, and all that young man had to do in starting to keep house was to strike the match. You tell me that is apocryphal. Oh, no, that was my own experience. Oh, the kindness; oh, the enlarged sympathies sometimes clustered around those who enter the gospel ministry! I suppose the man of Shunem had to pay the bills, but it was the large-hearted Christian sympathies of the woman of Shunem that looked after the Lord's messenger.

Where are the feet that have not been blistered on the hot sands of this great Sahara? Where are the soldiers that have not bent under the burden of grief? Where is the ship sailing over glassy sea that has not after awhile been caught in a cyclone? Where is the garden of earthly comfort, but trouble hath hitched up its fiery and panting team and gone through it with burning plowshares of disaster? Under the pelting of ages of suffering the great heart of the world has burst with woe. Navigators tell us about the rivers, and the Amazon, and the Danube, and the Mississippi have been explored, but who can tell the depth or the length of the great river of sorrow, made up of tears and blood rolling through all lands and all ages, bearing the wreck of families, and of communities, and of empires, foaming, writhing, boiling with the agonies of 6000 years. Etna, Cotopaxi and Vesuvius have been described, but who has ever sketched the volcano of suffering retching up from its depths the lava and scoria, and pouring them down the sides to whelm the nations? Oh, if I could gather all the heartstrings, the broken heartstrings, into a harp I would play on it a dirge such as was never sounded. Mythologists tell us of gorgon and centaur and Titan, and geologists tell us of extinct species of monsters, but greater than gorgon or megatherium, and not belonging to the realm of fable, and not of an extinct species, a monster with an iron jaw and a hundred iron hoofs has walked across the nations, and history and poetry and sculpture, in their attempt to sketch it and describe it, have seemed to sweat great drops of blood. But, thank God, there are those who can conquer as this woman of the text conquered, and say: "It is well. Though my property be gone, though my children be gone, though my home be broken up, though my health be sacrificed, it is well; it is well!" There is no storm on the sea but Christ is ready to rise in the hinder part of the ship and hush it. There is no darkness but the constellation of God's eternal love can illumine, and, though the winter comes out of the Northern sky, you have sometimes seen that Northern sky all ablaze with auroras which seem to say: "Come up this way. Up this way are thrones of light and seas of sapphire and the splendor of an eternal heaven. Come up this way."

Again, this woman of my text was great in her application to domestic duties. Every picture is a home picture, whether she is entertaining an Elisha or whether she is giving careful attenion to her sick boy or whether she is appealing for the restoration of her property. Every picture in her case is one of domesticity. Those are not disciples of this Shunemite woman who, going out to attend to outside charities, neglect the duty of home—the duty of wife, of mother, of daughter. No faithfulness in public benefaction can ever atone for domestic negligence. There has been many a mother who by indefatigable toil has reared a large family of children, equipping them for the duties of life with good manners and large intelligence and Christian principle, starting them out, who has done more for the world than many a woman whose name has sounded through all the lands and through the centuries. I remember when Kossuth was in this country there were some ladies who got honorable reputations by presenting him very gracefully with bouquets of flowers on public occasions, but what was all that compared with the plain Hungarian mother who gave to truth and civilization and the cause of universal liberty a Kossuth? Yes, this woman of my text was great in her simplicity. When this prophet wanted to reward her for her hospitality by asking some preferment from the king, what did she say? She declined it. She said, "I dwell among my own people," as much as to say, "I am satisfied with my lot; all I want is my family and my friends around me; I dwell among my own people."

Oh, what a rebuke to the strife for precedence in all ages! How many there are who want to get great architecture and homes furnished with all art, all painting, all statuary, who have not enough taste to distinguish between Gothic and Byzantine, and who could not tell a figure in plaster of paris from Palmer's "White Captive," and would not know a boy's penciling from Bierstadt's "Yosemite." Men who buy large libraries by the square foot, buying these libraries when they have scarcely enough education to pick out the day of the month in the almanac! Oh, how many there are striving to have things as well as their neighbors or better than their neighbors, and in the struggle vast fortunes are exhausted and business firms thrown into bankruptcy and men of reputed honesty rush into astounding forgeries!

But what I want to impress upon you, my hearers, is that you ought not to inventory the luxuries of life among the indispensables, and you ought not to depreciate this woman of the text, who, when offered kingly preferment, responded, "I dwell among my own people." Yes, this woman of the text was great in her piety. Just read the chapter after you go home. Faith in God, and she was not ashamed to talk about it before idolaters. Ah, woman will never appreciate what she owes to Christianity until she knows and sees the degradation of her sex under paganism and Mohammedanism! Her very birth considered a misfortune. Sold like cattle on the shambles. Slave of all work, and at last her body fuel for the funeral pyre of her husband. Above the shriek of the fire worshipers in India, and above the rumbling of the Juggernauts I hear the million voiced groan of wronged, insulted, broken-hearted, downtrodden woman. Her tears have fallen in the Nile and Tigris, the La Plata, and on the steppes of Tartary. She has been dishonored in Turkish garden and Persian palace and Spanish Alhambra. Her little ones have been sacrificed in the Indus and the Ganges. There is not a groan, or a dungeon, or an island, or a mountain, or a river, or a lake, or a sea but could tell a story of the outrages heaped upon her. But, thanks to God, this glorious Christianity comes forth, and all the claims of this vassalage are snapped, and she rises from ignominy to exalted sphere and becomes the affectionate daughter, the gentle wife, the honored mother, the useful Christian. Oh, if Christianity has done so much for woman, surely woman will become its most ardent advocate and its sublimest exemplification!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JANUARY 22.

Lesson Text: "Christ and Nicodemus," John iii., 1-16—Golden Text: John iii., 16 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

1. "Now there was a man" (R. V.). In verses 11, 22, 23, of chapter 2, we read that the disciples believed and many believed, but then we read that Jesus did not commit Himself unto (believe in) men, for He knew what was in man. Then we have Him dealing with this man, a ruler of the Jews, and revealing Nicodemus to himself, that he might know God, for this is greater than riches or wisdom or might (Jer. ix., 23, 24).

2. Nicodemus knew that Jesus was at least sent of God and that God was with Him, and his soul was hungering for more of God, and he felt that Jesus had power to help him, yet, being a ruler and Jesus being evidently a very humble person, not having been taught in any of the schools, nor having, like Saul, been brought up at the feet of Gamaliel or any great teacher of the day, he seems to think it wise not to come at first to Him too publicly.

3. Jesus passes by the seeming compliment and, recognizing the longing in the heart of Nicodemus, tells him briefly the only way to see the kingdom for which he longs. To be born of God (1-13) or from above (margin) is the only way. No human wisdom nor royal lineage nor position among men can entitle any one to see or enter the kingdom of God. It must be a work of God in the heart—nothing less than the receiving of the Son of God (chapter i., 12).

4. Nicodemus, though very religious and a ruler of the Jews, was only a natural man and understood not spiritual things. He could only think of a natural birth.

5. A little more fully Jesus now states it, saying that to be born of God means to be born of water and of the Spirit. By calling up three witnesses—Peter, James and Paul—and by comparing I Pet. i., 23, Jas. i., 18; Eph, v., 26; John vi., 63, we learn that water suggests the Word of God, by which the Spirit always works.

6. The flesh is the natural man, the man not subject to nor controlled by God. He may be intellectual, educated, talented, wealthy, a good citizen, moral, philanthropic and in every way all that could be desired as a loving father, son or brother, yet if only that never see the kingdom of God. He that hath the Son hath life, but he that hath not the Son of God hath not life, whatever else he may have (I John v., 12).

7. "Ye must be born again." There is much teaching nowadays to the effect that there is a spark of the divine nature in every one and that it only needs to be developed, but such is not the teaching of the Word of God, which says that the carnal or natural mind is enmity against God, for it is not subject to the law of God, neither, indeed, can be (Rom. viii., 7).

8. We can feel the wind as it blows upon us, but we cannot tell whence it came nor whither its destination. Thus the Spirit moves and works. In the darkness of Gen. i., 2, the Spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters, and God spake, and there was light. So God, by His word and Spirit, shines in hearts and gives the knowledge of Himself, causing life and fruitfulness where all before was waste and void (II Cor. iv., 6, 7).

9. "How can these things be?" The blind was groping for the light and but very dimly perceiving. These spiritual things, so simple to the Spirit taught, were too much for the natural man, even though he be a ruler. I have wondered if one reason why the wisdom of this world dislikes the book of Daniel and would fain have done with it is that there, as perhaps nowhere else, is shown the utter impotence of such wisdom to deal with the things of God.

10. A master of Israel should know something of these things, for in Ezek. xxxvi., 26, 27, it was written: "A new heart also will I give you and a new spirit will I put within you. I will put My Spirit within you and cause you to walk in My statutes." Gabriel was sent from heaven to cause Daniel to know, but here is a greater than Gabriel, and yet Nicodemus does not understand.

11. This is the third verily, verily of our lesson. Only in this gospel do we find the double verily or amen or in truth, and He who uses it is Himself the Truth. He knew all things and all men, even their utmost imaginings. He said through Jeremiah: "I, the Lord, search the heart; I try the reins" (Jer. xvii., 10).

12. There are celestial and terrestrial things as well as bodies, but the glory of the one differs greatly from that of the other (I Cor. xv., 40). The kingdom, although not of this world, is to be set upon this earth, and will include the whole world (John xviii., 36: Dan. vii., 27: Hab. ii., 14), but there is a new Jerusalem to come down out of heaven from God, in the light of which the nations of the earth are to walk.

13. What wondrous sayings are here! While He was on earth He was in heaven; He came down from heaven, and does He say that as man He had ascended up to heaven? If so, we must believe it. But what about John xx., 17, "I am not yet ascended to My Father?" That was in His resurrection body.

14. Our Lord Jesus never made light of or in any way discounted any record in the Scriptures, but spoke of them as realities. Here He refers to the incident of Num. xxi., 6-9, where the people, dying from the bite of fiery serpents, were to look upon a brazen serpent which Moses, at God's command, lifted upon a pole high enough for all to see, and when any dying one beheld the serpent of brass he lived.

15. The Israelites bitten were as good as dead unless they looked. Nicodemus was as helpless to save himself as a bitten Israelite; so are we. When a bitten and dying one looked where he was told, he saw the resemblance of that which was causing his suffering and probable death, but it was fastened to a pole, and thus in the place of death to itself.

16. In Jesus Christ on the cross for our sins we see the love of God as it never was seen elsewhere. We see the fulfillment of Gen. iii., 15, 21; Ps. xxii.; Isa. liii., and every other Scripture concerning His sufferings and death. We are not asked to understand it nor to grasp its full significance, for that would be impossible, but, like the bitten Israelite, we are asked to behold Him and believe He is for me. Then we are assured that through Him we have life and can never perish. All who are helpless and turn to Him and simply receive Him are born of God. It is evident from chapter xix., 39, that Nicodemus received Him, and the secret disciple became the bold confessor.—Lesson Helper.

Is China Retrogading?

The Chinese Government has notified all applicants for military service that they will hereafter be examined in archery and stone slinging.

Spanish Papers Cease Publication.

The papers at Santander, Spain, have ceased publication, owing to the severity of the censorship.

Sure Cure for Colds

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

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Put one of

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BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family." WILHELMINA NAGEL, 1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. ... CURE CONSTIPATION. ... Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

How a Ship Can Tell Its Position.

At a recent meeting of the Academie des Sciences, Paris, M. Mascart, the well-known French electrician, brought forward a method of enabling a ship to tell its position off a coast in thick weather or darkness. The plan was invented by a French electrician in Turkish employment. It consists of connecting two shore stations at some distance apart by a telegraph wire or cable, permitting an electric current to control the acoustic fog or night signals of the stations, and make them simultaneous. Suppose one station emits the note "Do" and the other "Me;" a person on board the ship will readily distinguish them, and whether they are heard by him simultaneously or one after the other will depend on the position of the ship with respect to the stations. The interval of time between the sounds multiplied by the known velocity of sound in air will give him the difference in his distances from the two stations.—Public Opinion.

Very Strong Cheese, Indeed.

An English banking concern is endeavoring to raise $500,000 to manufacture a new brand of cheese of which, according to the prospectus, "one pound is equal in muscle and heat-producing qualities to two dozen fresh eggs, two and a half pounds of rump steak, six pounds of potatoes and seven pounds of fresh fish." This remarkably nutritious cheese has additional virtues. "It spreads well on bread and is excellent for toasting."

Lady Manager of a Baggage Company.

The election of Miss Josie Kates as general manager of the Kates Baggage Company, of Atlanta, is a compliment worthily bestowed. She is a young woman of sterling worth and is thoroughly familiar with all the details of the business. She has a host of friends throughout the city who will be glad to hear of her promotion in this special field.—Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.

In Pennsylvania there are 867 school districts in which the schools are open only half the year.

KILLED IN A COLLISION.

Two Passenger Trains Smash Together on the Lehigh Valley Road.

MANY SENT TO THEIR DEATH.

The Trains Met in a Head-on Collision at Full Speed Near Plainfield, N. J.—Sixteen Persons Are Killed and Over Thirty Injured—The Disaster Was the Result of a Blunder.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. (Special).—Two Lehigh Valley trains rushing in opposite directions at a high rate of speed crashed into each other Monday afternoon just before 1 o'clock, about a mile east of Lincoln, with such tremendous force that thirteen human beings were killed outright and three died after being removed to Muhlenberg Hospital. The number of seriously injured was about thirty.

The dead are: Jacob Heller, tailor, thirty-five years old, of Mount Carmell, Penn.; John Jarvis, fifteen years old, of Mount Carmel, Penn.; Abner S. Kaiser, carpet cleaner, of Pottsville, Penn.; Martin Keenan, of Mount Carmel, Penn., about fifty-five years old; Theodore D. Kohan, thirty-five years old, of Shamokin, Penn.; W. C. Leader, thirty years old, of Mount Carmel, Penn.; Warren H. Merkle, of Shamokin, Penn., aged twenty-three; Frank Rybecki, about forty years old, of Mount Carmel, Penn.; R. Weikel, about forty years old, of Shamokin, Penn.; three unknown women and one unknown man; W. H. Hinkle, of Mount Carmel, Penn., contractor, aged forty-five; George Josephs, of Shamokin, Penn., aged twenty; Henry E. Weikel, photographer, aged twenty-eight, of Shamokin, Penn.

The accident was the result of an attempt upon the part of somebody to accomplish the impossible by sending two trains over the same track in opposite directions at the same time. The eastbound track, where the collision occurred, was not in use on account of a freight wreck nearby, and trains were sent in both directions over the westbound track. The train that carried most of the killed and injured was the third section of the Hazleton express, which was carrying to New York a large number of people from Shamokin, Mount Carmel, Pottsville and other towns in the coal district. The westbound train was what is known as train No. 71. It was a local accommodation and left New York at 10.50 a. m.

The point where the wreck occurred is a quiet country spot on a long curve that runs through a heavily wooded district. The two trains approached each other at full speed, and each engineer was entirely ignorant of the proximity to another train until the two engines flashed around the curve almost upon each other. The crash followed almost immediately. In an instant the air was full of shouts and the moans of the injured, and the two trains were masses of tangled wreckage. There was almost no help at hand, and for a time all was confusion. The two engines were smashed almost out of all semblance to what they had been, and the fact that no more lives were lost is attributable to the mercy that the wreckage did not take fire. Those who escaped uninjured at once turned their attention toward helping to extricate the less fortunate. The news of the accident was carried to Lincoln, to West Dunellen and to Plainfield, and soon the wrecking train was on its way to the scene. The wrecking crews first turned their attention to the injured. Physicians were brought to the wreck as soon as possible, and under their supervision the injured were taken on a special train to Plainfield, where they were placed in the Muhlenberg Hospital.

The Hazleton express was drawn by Engine No. 486, of which James Pendergast, of Easton, was the engineer. Pendergast was caught beneath the wreck of his engine and was pinned there by some of the heavy ironwork that rested on his legs. When the rescuers reached him he was conscious, and calmly directed them how to go to work to release him. He was taken out with his feet and legs mashed to a pulp.

The greatest disaster was wrought in the first car of the express train through which the tender of the engine had plowed. Those who had occupied the front seats of that car must have been instantly killed, for their bodies were found mashed and bleeding beneath the wreckage of the tender. The bodies were mutilated almost beyond identification, the heads being nearly torn from the bodies in several instances, limbs torn off and bodies cut and twisted. Several of the injured were pinned in their places by the wreckage in the fore part of the car, and had to be dug and cut out of their precarious positions.

Harry Butland, the operator at the South Plainfield station, gave the signal that permitted the local train bound from Jersey City to Bound Brook to enter a division where it met the third section of an excursion train running on the same track, because of a freight wreck which obstructed the eastbound track. Whether he did this under orders or whether he misinterpreted orders or whether he had no orders at all is yet to be determined.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad is not protected by the block signal system east of Easton. West of that point an automatic system is used. One of the crew of the Lehigh wrecking train at the wreck said that this accident was the twenty-first that the road had had since January 1, and was the sixth that had taken place near the same place in the same time. The others were not serious, however, and did not involve loss of life.

CHILD'S PLAY ENDS IN DEATH.

Colored Candy Kills Four Little Ones of a Family.

TOLEDO, Ohio (Special)—Since Christmas the four children of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Laing, of East Toledo, have died. One died a few days after Christmas, another a week later, and two more passed away a few days ago. The last one was the sole remaining child of the family.

On Christmas the children were playing "doctor," and the older boy took the role of physician. He compounded a medicine for his brother and sisters, who played ill. He dissolved colored candy into a tumbler of water and administered it to all of them, partaking of some himself. The children suffered much pain.

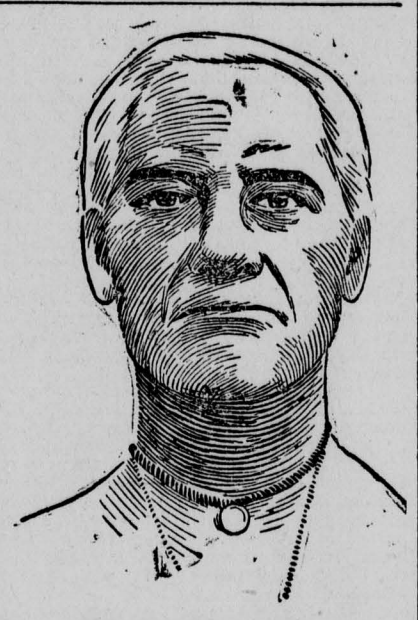
More Millions For Hetty Green.

Hetty Green, the richest woman in the United States, after persistent litigation, has got in control of the $5,000,000 left by her aunt, Sylvia Ann Howland, of New Bedford, Mass.

THE NEW KING OF SAMOA.

Mataafa Elected Monarch of the Island Without Much Opposition.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Mataafa has been elected King of Samoa, to succeed Malietoa. Official information to this effect has been received here. The election was held without trouble, though Tamasese, who was Vice-King in 1881, backed by a small following, endeavored to obtain the office.



KING MATAAFA OF SAMOA.

Mataafa's election is highly satisfactory, not only to the Washington Government, but to the German and British Governments, because of the certainty that he will be guided in his action by the wishes of the Consuls in Apia of the signatory Powers to the Berlin treaty.

NEW JERSEY SENATORSHIP.

Ex-Congressman John Kean Receives the Caucus Nomination For Senator.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—The Legislature was organized Tuesday afternoon. Charles A. Reed, of Somerset County, was chosen President of the Senate, Augustus S. Barber, of Gloucester, Secretary, and J. Frank Lindsley, of Morris, Reading Clerk. The other officers are the same as last year. In the House there are but a few unimportant changes in the official force. Acting Governor David O. Watkins was re-elected Speaker and Thomas H. Jones, of Essex, Clerk.

Immediately after the Legislature adjourned the Republican Senators and Assemblymen went into joint caucus on the United States Senatorship. Senator Cross of Union presented the name of ex-Congressman John Kean of Elizabeth, who was unanimously nominated.

Senator Lodge Renominated.

BOSTON (Special).—At the joint caucus of the Republicans of the Massachusetts House and Senate Tuesday afternoon Henry Cabot Lodge was renominated for the United States Senate. Mr. Lodge will be elected.

For Senator From Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special).—A. J. Beveridge was nominated for United States Senator on Tuesday on the eleventh ballot at the Republican caucus.

PORTO RICO'S BUDGET.

General Henry Wants to Apply Customs Receipts to the Government Expenses.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (Special).—The budget for the year 1899 has just been approved by General Henry. This covers the expenses of what is called the "Insular Government."

The following sums, which would have been included in the budget of the Spanish Government for this year, have been stricken out: General obligations, $498,501.60; clergy, $197,945; war, $1,252,377.76; marine, $222,668.20.

The calculated budget for 1899 is formed of the following items: General obligations, $19,580; State obligations, $304,995; Department of Justice, $201,452.22; Finance Department, $169,610; Department of the Interior, $766,639. The customs for the coming year were estimated to be $3,132,900.

General Henry has asked of Washington the right to apply the customs receipts to the expenses of government. If this should be permitted all Government expenses could be paid and many improvements carried on.

QUAY MUST STAND TRIAL.

Supreme Court Denies the Senator's Plea For Change of Venue.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special). — The Supreme Court has dismissed the petition of United States Senator Quay, Richard R. Quay and former State Treasurer Haywood for a writ of certiorari in the case charging the petitioners with conspiracy to misuse State funds. The case will now go back to the Court of Quarter Sessions for trial in the regular course of procedure.

The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Sterrett as soon as the seven Justices of the court entered the court room Tuesday morning.

The opinion states that the Supreme Court is satisfied that the petitioners can and will have a fair and impartial trial before a competent and unprejudiced Judge and a fair and impartial jury in this county. The court holds that it has no authority to review the action of the lower court on the Quay demurrers, there being no appeal in such event until after conviction and sentence.

NEW AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA.

Minister Tower Transferred From Vienna —An Indiana Man Succeeds Him.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has sent to the Senate the nomination of Charlemagne Tower, of Pennsylvania, now Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States to Russia, vice Ethan A. Hitchcock, appointed Secretary of the Interior. Addison C. Harris, of Indiana, was named to succeed Mr. Tower, at Vienna. Mr. Harris is a prominent attorney of Indianapolis, of which city he has been a resident for many years. Although he has taken an active interest in politics, he has held no public office except that of State Senator. He has been associated with Senator Fairbanks in political matters. Mr. Harris is married, but has no children.

The Terrors of Kissing.

In a kissing contest for $25 a side, which has just been declared off in a small town in Lancashire, England, the challenger sank exhausted at the seven hundredth smack, his opponent having scored eighteen hundred in the hour.

Over in Germany at about the same time a young lover wrote to his sweetheart that he sent her ten thousand kisses. She sent back word that that was all well enough on paper, but that he had not the nerve to perform the feat in a truly manly way. This challenge was likewise accepted, and ten hours' time was allowed, with brief intervals for malt refreshments.

At the end of the first hour the score was two thousand and the condition of both active and passive participant good. One thousand more were added in the second hour, but at the seven hundred and fiftieth kiss on the third round the young man's lips became paralyzed and he lost consciousness. This fate, which some might consider merited, should prove a warning to promiscuous kissers as well as to those who concentrate with persistence. It is not paralysis alone, but insanity, which may follow such efforts.—Medical Record.

What the Turk Likes.

A delightfully characteristic expression of Turkish public opinion is quoted in Lord Warkworth's clever "Notes From a Dairy in Asiatic Turkey." A reforming governor, who (of course) had just been recalled, described to Lord Warkworth his attempts to light the streets. He had erected oil-lamps posts. The posts remained, but not the lamps, for the officials appointed to look after them stole the oil; and as for the people, they were all rejoicing (as the governor pathetically observed), "that as soon as his excellency is gone we shall be left in peace and darkness again." What a flood of light (if we may be excused the bull) this throws on the worth of some of the panaceas propounded for the regeneration of Turkey!—London Daily News.

A Malarial Conundrum.

The Rome correspondent of the Lancet, commenting on the claim of Grassi to have preceded Bignani in the discovery of the malarial-bearing mosquito, suggests that it would "be of interest to know the distinguishing marks of his 'special mosquitoes,' so as, inter alia, to understand how it is that in Rome, where there are no mosquitoes properly so called, malaria is prevalent, while in Florence, where mosquitoes (properly so called) abound, there is no malaria at all."—Medical Record.

From Head to Foot.

For all aches, from head to foot, St. Jacobs Oil has curative qualities to reach the pains and aches of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

The Peruvian government has decreed the re-establishment of the habeas corpus act.

FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH.

Opening of Social Season.

The opening of the Florida season was signalized this year as usual by the placing in service between New York and St. Augustine of the "New York and Florida Limited," a train that is acknowledged to be the finest in the world in its appointments, luxury and detail of finish. It is composed of Pullman compartment cars, each room a work of art and supplied with private lavatory and toilet; Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars of the latest design; a royal club car for gentlemen; an observation car; a library car, and a dining car whose service and cuisine rank with those of the swell New York hotels. This surpassing train's schedule calls for a daily service leaving New York at 11.05 a. m. via the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Southern Railway, Florida Central and Peninsula Railroad, and the East Coast Railway. St. Augustine is reached at 2.20 p. m. the following day, the picturesque trip, which exceeds 1000 miles, being made in but little more than 24 hours. At Columbia, S. C., one car is detached for Aiken, while at Everett, Ga., perfect connections are made for Brunswick and Jeckyl Island. The "Florida Short Line" also operates two other fine trains between New York and Florida, the "Washington and Southwestern Vestibule Limited," leaving New York at 4.20 p. m. daily, and the "United States Fast Mail" leaving New York at 12.05 midnight, and it affords the most direct, most delightful and the quickest service to Nassau, Havana and Key West. For all information, reservations, etc., apply to A. S. Thweatt, E. P. A., Southern Ry, 271 B'way, New York.

This country is now a creditor of Europe.

A Remedy For the Grippe.

A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell it.

Heat holidays have been established by law in the public schools of Switzerland.

The Shortest Way.

The shortest way out of an attack of neuralgia is to use St. Jacobs Oil, which affords not only a sure relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues and ends the suffering.

The national debt of Japan does not exceed $250,000,000.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Senator Wolcott speaks in a high-pitched voice and with few gestures.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

One-half of the Confederate pensioners in Mississippi are widows.

Easily Gotten Over.

A cripple from a sprain is one who neglects to use St. Jacobs Oil to cure it. Prompt use of it brings prompt cure, and the trouble is gotten over easily.

The inventory of the effects of the late John W. Keely, of motor fame, fixed the valuation at $1536.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The national debt of France is over $6,000,000,000, being about $116 per capita.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Rats and rabbits are becoming a plague in the Azores.

Men and Women Who Work

Need not give up when attacked with a severe congestive cold, if Hoxsie's Disks are used. They check any cold. 25 cents.

Phonographic clocks and watches are in use in Switzerland.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

During the present century about 30,000,000 men have lost their lives in war.

Found immediate relief in one bottle of Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer—MRS. S. W. HATCH, Box 450, Wollaston, Mass., Aug. 17, 1898.

A fish has been found in Hudson Bay which absolutely builds a nest.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

When a man is his own worst enemy it is generally a rather one-sided fight.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

In 1879 the first electric railway was operated in Berlin, Germany, by Siemens.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

The screw alone of an Atlantic liner costs about $20,000.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

Silk is nearly always dyed before it is woven.

Cough away if you want to, but if not, use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one Minute.

A Presbyterian church has been built in Juneau, Alaska.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

There is a twelve-acre field of carnations in Redondo, Cal.

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is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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RHEUMATISM CURED—One bottle—Positive relief in 24 hours. Postpaid. $1.00 ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N. Y.

WANTED—ase of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—3.

Heroes of the War with Spain

thousands of them, are suffering from lingering diseases induced by life in poisonous southern camps, the result of changes of climate, or of imperfect nutrition caused by improper and badly cooked food. Sleeping on the ground has doubtless developed rheumatism in hundreds who were predisposed to the disease. In such cases the Boys of '98 may take a lesson from the experience of the

Heroes of the Civil War.

Hundreds of the Boys of '63 have testified to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in driving out malaria, rheumatism and other diseases contracted during their days of hardship and privation in the army. These pills are the best tonic in the world.

Asa Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is a veteran of the Civil war, having served in the 83rd Pennsylvania Volunteers. He went to the war a vigorous farmer's boy and came back broken in health, a victim of sciatic rheumatism. Most of the time he was unfitted for manual labor of any kind, and his sufferings were at all times intense. He says: "Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had not taken more than half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition, and I keep on improving steadily. To them I owe my restoration to health. They are a grand remedy."—*Mt. Sterling Democrat-Message.*

At all druggists; or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cts. per box, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Box V, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Pot Called the Kettle Black Because the Housewife Didn't Use

SAPOLIO

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Jan. 22, "Growth In Grace." Text, Ps. xx, 1-9.

"In the name of our God we will set up our banners."

Flags and emblems are most frequently decorative in their use, but their greatest value lies in a different direction. They stand for principles and serve as rallying points in conflicts where those principles are at stake. In armies there is not only the national ensign, but each corps, division and regiment has its own special emblem which on a banner designates the headquarters and serves to guide the organizations in their movements.

Nothing will more stir the sentiment than the sight of the flag of one's native land, especially when under its leadership forces are massed for the protection of one's life and liberties. March, camp and battle incidents illustrate the power of the flag to move men to endurance and deeds of valor.

So the psalmist feels toward God and His work. The cross of Christ had not in the times of David become the sacred emblem of God's people, and the significance of self sacrifice as the essence of religion was not known as it is now, but the rulership of God and the need that men should obey His laws were known. David, with all his faults, clearly saw the necessity for divine leading. He felt intensely the nearness of God. The Hebrew consciousness of communion with the eternal spirit of righteousness was highly developed in him. God was king. Men were servants and soldiers of Jehovah. They acted under His eye. Earthly events were under guidance of God and executed His plans. God moved to battle against evil everywhere. His banners led the human host to sure victory. Goodness and godliness alone were powerful. Sin and evil were weak as well as wrong and must be overthrown. God was invisible but all powerful. As Zion, the citadel of Judah in Jerusalem, was the stronghold of the earthly king, so God was conceived of as dwelling in the impregnable Zion of heavenly power, glory and grace.

Growth in grace means several things. It should first of all be seen in actual increase in individual uprightness and goodness. As one grows older in Christian life the hold on spiritual things should be firmer. One should actually know and love God better, be purer in speech, gentler in action, more helpful and generous, more loving and lovable. Then God actually can love more and bless with greater prosperity.

Appetite and Digestion.

Dyspeptics abound on the street, in the home and in the church. Devotional exercises are painful, and there is no relish for sermons, songs, prayer nor even for the collection. If a morsel of truth is got hold of, the chances are that if it doesn't choke one in the swallowing it lies like lead, undigested, after it is down and makes life miserable or else is wholly cast up and rejected. The low condition of piety generally is recognized quite fully, its causes are sought and remedy inquired for. It is well to note the symptoms and carefully diagnose the disease that cause and cure may more surely be found.

If you wish to know your condition of soul health, note if you have hearty relish for the means of grace. Do you enjoy reading the Bible? Is it food for your hunger that you relish, or do you force it down because you ought to do so and with no real appetite?

Is prayer a task or a delightful banquet with God? Do the church services seem stale or full of exquisite flavor? Do you delight in speaking of Christ and for Him, or do you find yourself weak and trembling? No digestion without appetite and no growth but by good digestion. If your piety is consumptive or dyspeptic, better go to the Great Physician at once. There is a sure cure.

Our Special Blessings.

As a nation we have special reasons for thankfulness to God at this time. During the past year we have seen an army created, a navy equipped, a war prosecuted to successful end and political changes of great magnitude concluded to our advantage. A year ago the most sanguine prophet could not have predicted the wonderful events of Manila, Cuba and Porto Rico. For the success of our arms by sea and land we owe praise to Almighty God. For the bounteous harvests, producing wealth beyond that of mines of gems and gold, for business prosperity and employment for the working people we owe thanks to the Lord.

Beyond all these material benefits is the sure indication of the dawning of a better era of soul life. The peace proposition of the czar of Russia is a token of advancing Christianity. The very troubles in China are an augury of better civilization coming up the centuries.

The raising of the missionary debt gives promise of better things in the church. Prosperity should be celebrated in greatly increased liberality as well as in songs and sermons. "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

FLORIDA.

Fortnightly Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The midwinter exodus has begun. The discomforts and dangers of our Northern winter are directing attention to the sunny lands of the South.

The first Pennsylvania Railroad tour to Jacksonville, allowing two weeks in Florida, will leave New York and Philadelphia January 24.

Excursion tickets, including railroad transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, $48.00; Pittsburg, $53.00, and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries and other information apply to ticket agents, Tourist Agent at 1196 Broadway, New York, or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-11-2t

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it.—J. G. Gillam.

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Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

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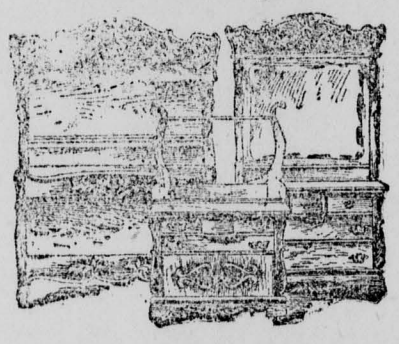

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In addition to the above we keep a full line of the choicest confectionaries.

Come and See Us.

S. W. KIMMEL & SONS,

Saltillo, Penn'a.

The sooner a cough or cold is cured without harm to the sufferer the better. Lingering colds are dangerous. Hacking cough is distressing. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures it. Why suffer when such a cough cure is within reach? It is pleasant to the taste. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 10-26-6m.

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Children's Caps and everything needed in the Millinary line.

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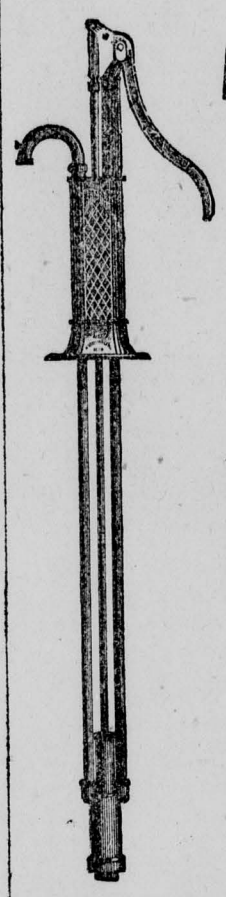

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We have started a Clearance Sale. Our stock must be reduced this month and you shall have the benefit of the sacrifice. Money back if you want it.

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